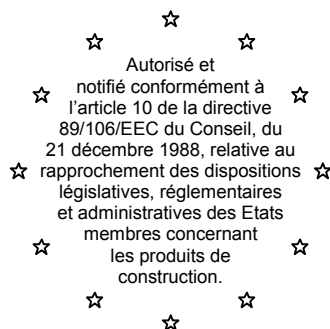


Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment

84 avenue Jean Jaurès
Champs sur Marne
F-77447 Marne-la-Vallée Cedex 2
Tél. : (33) 01 64 68 82 82
Fax : (33) 01 60 05 70 37



CSTB
le futur en construction

MEMBRE DE L'EOTA

European Technical Approval

ETA-04/0076

(English language translation, the original version is in French language)

Nom commercial :

Trade name:

Titulaire :

Holder of approval:

Type générique et utilisation prévue du
produit de construction :

**Generic type and use of
construction product:**

Validité du :
au :

Validity from / to:

Usine de fabrication :

Manufacturing plant:

SPIT ISO

Société SPIT

Route de Lyon

F-26501 BOURG-LES-VALENCE

France

Cheville à clou pour fixation de système composite d'isolation
thermique extérieure dans le béton et la maçonnerie

**Nailed-in anchor for fixing of external insulation composite
systems with rendering in concrete and masonry**

28/06/2013

28/06/2018

Société SPIT

Route de Lyon

F-26501 BOURG-LES-VALENCE

France

Le présent Agrément technique européen
contient :

**This European Technical Approval
contains:**

17 pages incluant 6 annexes faisant partie intégrante du document.

**17 pages including 6 annexes which form an integral part of
the document.**

This European Technical Approval cancels and replaces ETA-04/0076 with validity from 14/05/2012 to 04/01/2015

Cet Agrément Technique Européen annule et remplace l'ATE ETA-04/0076 valide du 14/05/2012 au 04/01/2015



Organisation pour l'Agrément Technique Européen
European Organisation for Technical Approvals

I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. This European Technical Approval is issued by the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by the Council Directive 93/68/EEC of 22 July 1993²; and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³
 - Décret n° 92-647 du 8 juillet 1992⁴ concernant l'aptitude à l'usage des produits de construction;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European Technical Approvals set out in the Annex of Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁵;
 - Guideline for European Technical Approval of « Plastic anchors for fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems with rendering » ETAG 014, edition 2001.
2. The Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment is authorised to check whether the provisions of this European Technical Approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant (for example concerning the fulfilment of assumptions made in this European Technical Approval with regard to manufacturing). Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products with the European Technical Approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European Technical Approval.
3. This European Technical Approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturer other than those indicated on page 1; or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European Technical Approval.
4. This European Technical Approval may be withdrawn by the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment pursuant to Article 5 (1) of the Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
5. Reproduction of this European Technical Approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European Technical Approval.
6. The European Technical Approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities n° L 40, 11.2.1989, p. 12

² Official Journal of the European Communities n° L 220, 30.8.1993, p. 1

³ Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

⁴ Journal officiel de la République française du 14 juillet 1992

⁵ Official Journal of the European Communities n° L 17, 20.1.1994, p. 34

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1. Definition of product

The SPIT ISO anchor consists of a plastic expansion sleeve with a plate for fixing the thermal insulation and a plastic nail as an expansion element. The anchor sleeve is made of polypropylene and the nail is made of polypropylene or polyamide 6 depending on the anchor sizes. The plate exists in three different diameters depending on the insulation system to be fixed (Ø50 mm in case of thickness of insulation ≤ 80 mm, Ø60 mm in case of thickness of insulation ≥ 95 mm and 90 mm in case of rock wool insulation). The plastic sleeve is expanded by hammering in the expansion element which presses the sleeve against the wall of the drilled hole. An additional plastic plate $\phi 90$ mm can be used in conjunction with anchors having a plastic plate $\phi 60$ mm (inserted between the fixture and the anchor).

The installed anchor is shown in Annex 1.

1.2. Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirement 4 of Council Directive 89/106/EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause low risk to human life. The anchor is to be used only as multiple fixing for the anchorage of bonded thermal insulation composite system (ETICS) according to ETAG 014 in concrete and masonry. The base material shall consist of reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C 12/15 at least to C50/60 at most according to EN 206-1 and of masonry walls according to Table 4, Annex 5.

The anchor may only be used for transmission of wind suction loads and shall not be used for the transmission of dead loads of the thermal insulation composite system. The dead loads have to be transmitted by the adhesion of the thermal insulation composite system.

The provisions made in this European Technical Approval are based on an assumed intended working life of the anchor of 25 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of product and methods of verification

2.1. Characteristics of product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annex 2. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annexes 1 to 3 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁶ of this European Technical Approval. The characteristic anchor values for the design of anchorages are given in Annex 6.

Each anchor is marked on the plate or on the body with the anchor type and the range of the fixture thickness : e.g. SPIT ISO 115/125

The required minimum effective embedment depth is marked on the anchor sleeve.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit.

⁶

The technical documentation of this European Technical Approval is deposited at the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.

2.2. Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirement 4 has been made in accordance with

- the « Guideline for European Technical Approval of Plastic Anchors for fixing of External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with rendering » based on the use categories A, B and C.
- the EOTA Technical Report TR 025 "Determination of point thermal transmittance of plastic anchors for the anchorage of external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS)".
- the EOTA Technical Report TR 026 "Evaluation of plate stiffness from plastic anchors for fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems with rendering (ETICS)".

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European Technical Approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation of Conformity and CE marking

3.1. Attestation of conformity system

The system of attestation of conformity 2 (ii) (referred to as system 2+) according to Council Directive 89/106/EEC Annex III laid down by the European Commission provides:

a) tasks for the manufacturer:

1. initial type testing of the product,
2. factory production control,
3. testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan.

b) tasks for the approved body:

4. certification of the factory production control on the basis of ,
 - initial inspection of the factory and of factory production control,
 - continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

3.2. Responsibilities

3.2.1. Tasks of the manufacturer

3.2.1.1. Factory production control

The manufacturer shall have a factory production control system in the plant and shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer are documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures. This production control system ensures that the product is in conformity with the European Technical Approval.

The manufacturer shall only use raw materials supplied with the relevant inspection documents as laid down in the prescribed test plan⁷. The incoming raw materials shall be subject to controls and tests by the manufacturer before acceptance. Check of incoming materials shall include control of the inspection documents presented by suppliers (comparison with nominal values) by verifying the dimensions and determining the material properties.

The frequency of controls and tests conducted during production is laid down in the prescribed test plan taking account of the automated manufacturing process of the anchor.

The results of factory production control are recorded and evaluated.

⁷

The prescribed test plan has been deposited at the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment and is only made available to the approved bodies involved in the conformity attestation procedure.

The records shall be presented to the inspection body during the continuous surveillance. On request, they shall be presented to the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment.

Details of the extent, nature and frequency of testing and controls to be performed within the factory production control shall correspond to the prescribed test plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Approval.

3.2.1.2. Other tasks of the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2. For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved. The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2. Tasks of approved bodies

3.2.2.1. Initial inspection of the factory and of factory production control

The approved body shall ascertain that, in accordance with the prescribed tests plan, the factory, in particular the staff and equipment, and the factory production control are suitable to ensure a continuous and orderly manufacturing of the anchor with the specifications mentioned in 2.1 as well as in the Annexes to the European technical Approval. The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2.2. Continuous surveillance

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall visit the factory at least once a year for surveillance. It has to be verified that the system of factory production control and the specified automated manufacturing process are maintained taking account of the prescribed test plan.

Continuous surveillance and assessment of factory production control have to be performed according to the prescribed test plan.

The results of product certification and continuous surveillance shall be made available on demand by the certification body or inspection body, respectively, to the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment. In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Approval and the prescribed test plan are no longer fulfilled the conformity certificate shall be withdrawn and CSTB informed without delay.

3.3. CE-Marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of anchors. The CE marking consists of the letters "CE" followed by the identification number of the inspection body. The CE-marking shall be accompanied by:

- Commercial name;
- name or identifying mark of the producer and manufacturing plant;
- Name of approval body and ETA number;
- Identification number of the certification body;
- Number of the EC certificate of conformity;
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE-marking was affixed;
- use categories A, B and C.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1. Manufacturing

The anchor is manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Approval using the automated manufacturing process as identified during inspection of the plant by the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment and the approved body and laid down in the technical documentation. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to the Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment before the changes are introduced. The Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment will decide whether or not such changes affect the ETA and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the ETA and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the ETA shall be necessary.

4.2. Installation

4.2.1. Design of anchorages

4.2.1.1. General

The ETA only applies to the manufacture and use of the anchor. Verification of stability of the external thermal insulation composite system including application of loads on the anchor are not subject of this European Technical Approval.

Fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following provisions:

- The design is carried out in compliance with ETAG 014 "Guideline for European Technical Approval of plastic anchors for fixing of External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with rendering" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings shall be prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored, the nature and strength of the base materials, the thickness of the insulation and the dimensions of the anchorage members as well of the relevant tolerances.
- Proof of direct local application of load on the base material has been delivered.
- The anchor shall only be used for the transmission of wind suction loads. All other loads such as dead load and restraints shall be transmitted by the adhesion of the relevant external thermal insulation composite system.

4.2.1.2. Resistance

The characteristic values of the tension resistance of the anchor are given in Table 5, Annex 6. If there is a difference in the characteristic values of the base material or a similar base material of category B and C is supposed to be used, job-site tests according to 4.2.3 shall be carried out in order to determine the specific characteristic tension resistance.

4.2.1.3. Characteristic values, spacing and dimensions of anchorage member

The minimum spacing and dimensions of anchorage member according to Annex 6 shall be observed.

4.2.1.4. Displacement behaviour

When loaded to the design value of resistance in normal weight concrete a displacement of approximately 0,2 mm in the load direction is expected. When loaded to the design value of resistance in masonry made of clay bricks, aggregates concrete solid masonry units, aggregates concrete hollow masonry units and horizontally perforated clay bricks, a displacement of approximately 0,3 mm in the load direction is expected.

Tableau 4.1: Displacement behavior for Spit ISO

Base Material	for a tensile load N [daN]	Displacements δ [mm]
Concrete C15/20 (EN 206-1)	60.0	0.2
Concrete C20/25 to C50/60 (EN 206-1)	75.0	0.2
Clay bricks (NF EN 771-1)	75.0	0.3
Horizontally perforated clay bricks (NF EN 771-1)	40.0	0.1
Aggregates concrete solid masonry units (NF EN 771-3)	60.0	0.2
Aggregates concrete hollow masonry units (NF EN 771-3)	30.0	0.3

4.2.1.5. Point thermal transmittance according EOTA Technical Report TR 025

The point thermal transmittance (CHI-value) of the anchor according EOTA Technical Report TR 025 "Determination of point thermal transmittance of plastic anchors for the anchorage of external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS)" is given in the following table for use category A, B and C respectively.

Table 4.2: Point thermal transmittance

Anchor Type	Insulation thickness, h_D [mm]	Point thermal transmittance, χ [W/K]
ISO 10	From 30 to < 150	0.001
	From ≥ 150 to 200	0.000

4.2.1.6. Plate stiffness according EOTA Technical Report TR 026

The plate stiffness of the anchor according EOTA Technical Report TR 026 "Evaluation of plate stiffness from plastic anchors for fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems with rendering (ETICS)" is given in the following table.

Table 4.3: Plate stiffness

Anchor Type	Diameter of the anchor plate [mm]	Load resistance of the anchor plate [kN]	Plate stiffness [kN/mm]
ISO 10	50	1.0	0.3
	60	1.0	0.5
	60 + plate $\phi 90$	1.10	0.5
	90	1.08	0.3

4.2.2. Installation of anchor

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters on the site;
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor;
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings prepared for that purpose and using the appropriate tools;
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the characteristic values of the base material in which the anchor is to be placed is identical with the values which the characteristic loads apply for;
- observation of the drilling method : in the case of horizontally perforated clay bricks, the drilled hole is carried out using a rotary drill. In the case of other base materials covered in this Approval, the drilled hole is carried out using hammer or impact drilling;
- placing drilled holes without damaging the reinforcement;
- temperature during the installation of the anchor $\geq 0^{\circ}\text{C}$;
- exposure to UV due to solar radiation of polypropylene materials of the anchor not protected by rendering ≤ 6 weeks.

4.2.3. Job site tests

The characteristic tension resistance of the anchor may be determined by means of job site pull-out tests carried out on the material actually used if a characteristic resistance of the base material does not exist.

The characteristic resistance of the anchor shall be determined by carrying out at least 15 centric tension load pull-out tests on the site. These tests are also possible under the same conditions in laboratory.

Execution and evaluation of the tests as well as the issuing of the test report and the determination of the characteristic resistance should be under the responsibility of approved testing laboratories or the supervision of the person responsible for the execution of the works on site.

Number and position of the anchors to be tested shall be adapted to the relevant special conditions of the site and, for example, to be increased in the case of hidden and larger areas, such that reliable information about the characteristic resistance of the anchor in the base material in question can be derived. The tests shall take into account the most unfavourable conditions of the practical execution.

4.2.3.1. Assembly

The anchor to be tested shall be installed (e.g. preparation of drilled hole, drilling tool to be used, drill bit) and the spacing and the edge distances shall be in the same way as planned for the fixing of the external thermal insulation composite system.

4.2.3.2. Execution of tests

The test rig used for the pull-out tests shall provide a continuous slow increase of the load, controlled by a calibrated load cell. The load shall apply perpendicular to the surface of the base material and shall be transmitted to the anchor via an hinge. The reaction forces shall be transmitted into the base material at a distance of at least 15 cm from the anchor. The load shall be increased continuously in a way that the ultimate load is reached after about 1 minute. The load is measured when the ultimate load (N_t) is achieved.

4.2.3.3. Test report

The test report shall include all information necessary to assess the resistance of the tested anchor. It shall be included in the construction dossier.

The minimum data required are:

- Construction site, date and location of the tests, air temperature, type ETICS to be fixed;
- Test requester;
- Masonry type (type of brick, strength class, dimensions, mortar group);
- Plastic anchor and nail used for the tests;
- Effective cutting diameter of drill bit;
- Test rig;
- Results of tests with ultimate value N_1 ;
- Test carried out or supervised by; signature;

4.2.3.4. Evaluation of tests results

The characteristic resistance N_{Rk1} is obtained from the measured values N_1 as follows:

$$N_{Rk1} = 0,6 \cdot N_1 \leq 1,5 \text{ kN}$$

With N_1 the mean value of the five smallest measured values at the ultimate load.

4.2.4. Responsibility of the manufacturer

It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to in 4.2.1, 4.2.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European Technical Approval. In addition, all installation data shall be shown clearly on the packaging and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustrations.

The minimum data required are:

- base material for the intended use;
- drill bit diameter;
- maximum thickness of the ETICS;
- minimum effective anchorage depth;
- minimum hole depth;
- information on the installation procedure;
- identification of the manufacturing batch

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5 Recommendations on packaging, transport and storage.

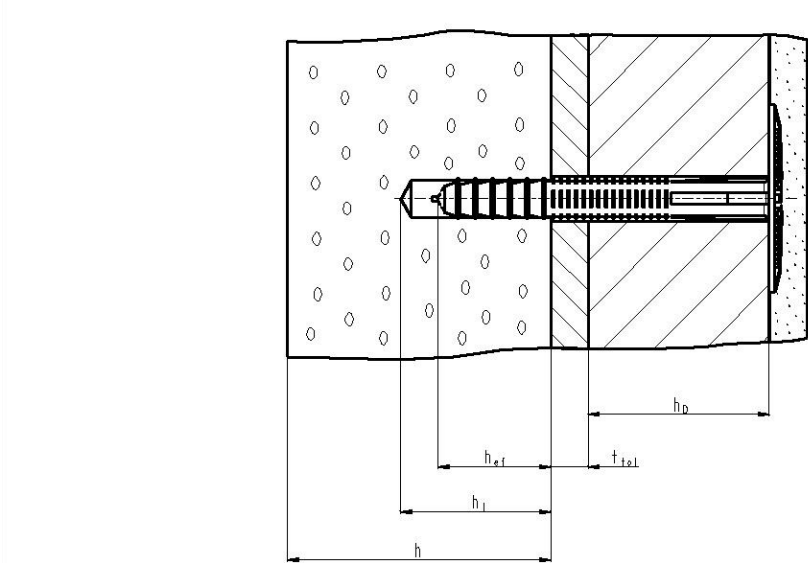
The anchor shall be supplied as a complete unit.

The anchor shall be stored under normal climatic condition in its original packaging. Before installation, it shall not be extremely dried or frozen.

The original French version is signed by

**Le Directeur Technique
C. BALOCHE**

Schema of the SPIT ISO anchor in use



Intended use : anchorage of ETICS in concrete and masonry.

h_D : thickness of the insulation h_1 : depth of drilled hole
 h_{ef} : effective anchorage depth t_{tol} : thickness of equalizing layer or non-load bearing coating
 h : thickness of base material

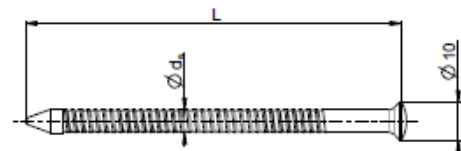
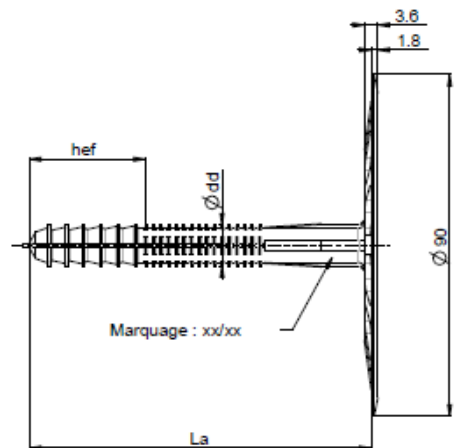
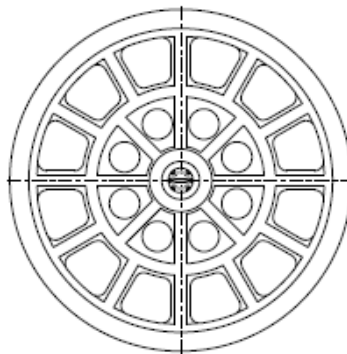
Table 1 : Materials

Designation	Material	
	Nail	Plastic expansion sleeve
ISO 10 - 10/30	Polypropylene	Polypropylene
ISO 10 - 40/60	Glass Fiber reinforced Polyamide (orange shade)	
ISO 10 - 45/65		
ISO 10 - 70/80		
ISO 10 - 75/85		
ISO 10 - 95/105		
ISO 10 - 115/125		
ISO 10 - 135/145		
ISO 10 - 155/165		
ISO 10 - 175/185		
ISO 10 - 195/205		

SPIT ISO	Annex 1 of European Technical Approval ETA-04/0076
Intended use and materials	

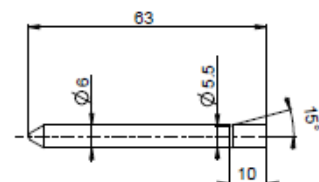
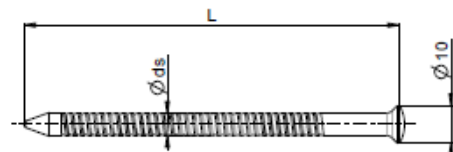
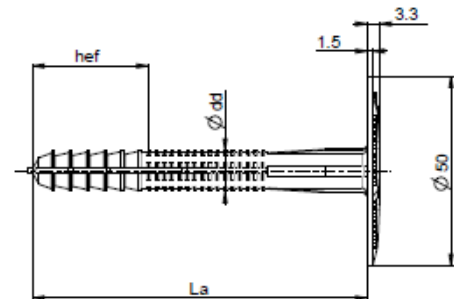
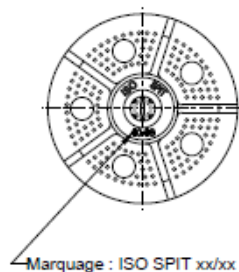
ISO plate 90 mm :

- ISO 10-40/60
- ISO 10-70/80



ISO plate 50 mm :

- ISO 10-40/60
- ISO 10-70/80



- ISO 10-10/30

SPIT ISO

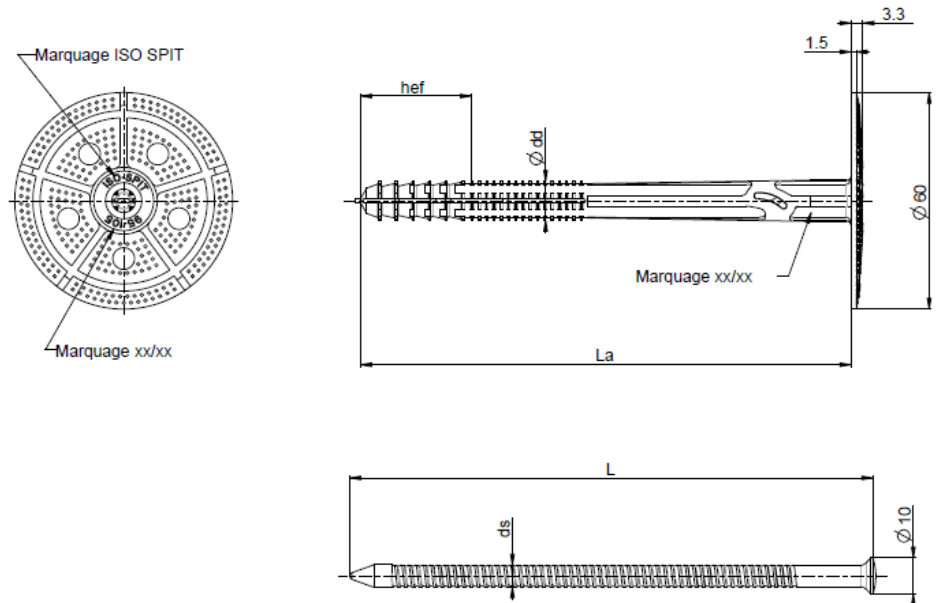
**Different components of the anchor:
sleeves and nails**

Annex 2a

of European
Technical Approval
ETA-04/0076

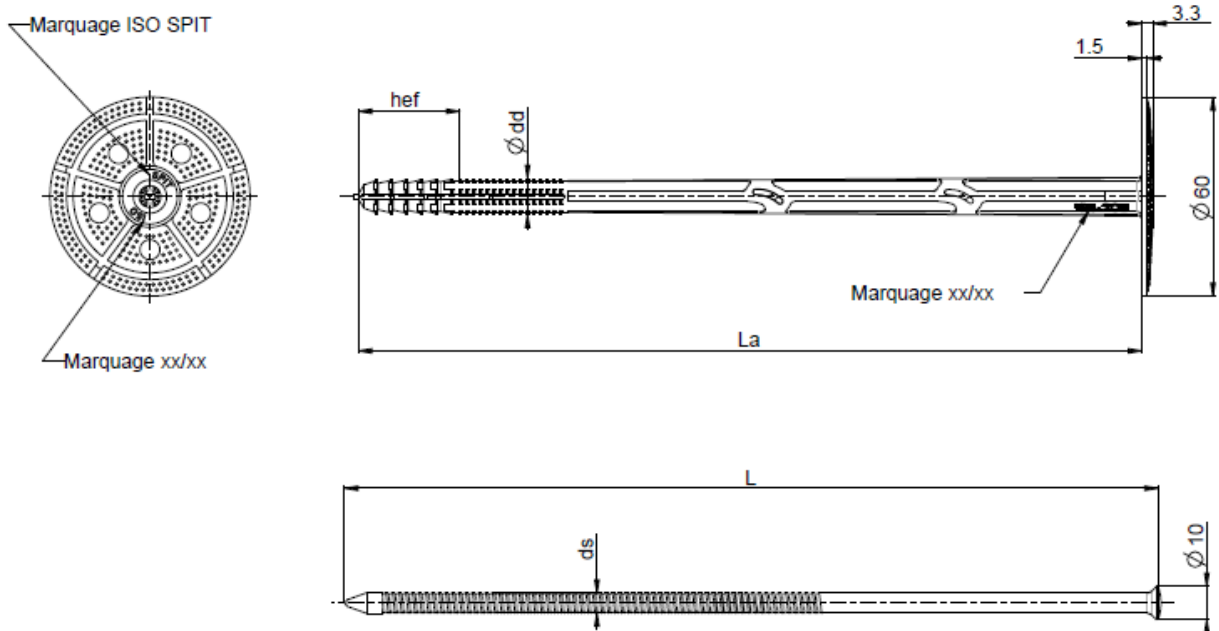
ISO plate 60 mm :

- ISO 10-45/65
- ISO 10-75/85
- ISO 10-95/105
- ISO 10-115/125
- ISO 10-135/145
- ISO 10-155/165



ISO plate $\phi 60$ mm :

- ISO 10-175/185
- ISO 10-195/205



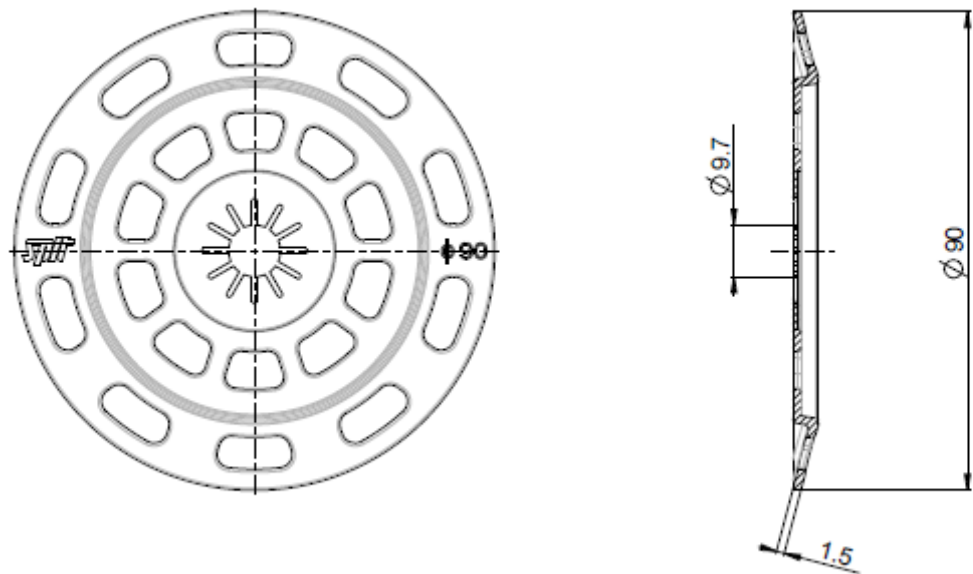
SPIT ISO

Different components of the anchor:
 sleeves and nails

Annex 2b

of European
 Technical Approval
 ETA-04/0076

Plate Ø90 :



SPIT ISO	Annex 2c of European Technical Approval ETA-04/0076
Different components of the anchor: sleeves and nails	

Table 2 : Dimensions of components

Anchor type	Diameter of the expansion sleeve d_d	Length of the expansion sleeve L_d	Length of the anchor $L_d + 3$	Diameter of the plate -	Diameter of the nail d_s	Length of the nail L
	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
ISO 10 - 10/30	10	60	63	50	6	63
ISO 10 - 40/60		90	93	50		100
				90		
ISO 10 - 45/65		95	98	60		105
ISO 10 - 70/80		110	113	50		120
				90		
ISO 10 - 75/85		115	118	90		125
ISO 10 – 95/105		135	138	60		145
ISO 10 - 115/125		155	158	60		165
ISO 10 - 135/145		175	178			185
ISO 10 - 155/165		195	198			205
ISO 10 - 175/185		215	218			225
ISO 10 - 195/205	235	238	245			

SPIT ISO

Dimensions

Annex 3

of European
Technical Approval
ETA-04/0076

Table 3 : Installation data

Anchor type	Thickness of the insulation mini/maxi [mm]	Length of the expansion sleeve [mm]	Drill hole diameter [mm]	Depth of the drilled hole [mm]	Embedment depth [mm]
ISO 10 - 10/30	10/30	60	10	50	30
ISO 10 - 40/60	40/60	90			
ISO 10 - 45/65	45/65	95			
ISO 10 - 70/80	70/80	110			
ISO 10 - 75/85	75/85	115			
ISO 10 - 95/105	95/105	135			
ISO 10 - 115/125	115/125	155			
ISO 10 - 135/145	135/145	175			
ISO 10 - 155/165	155/165	195			
ISO 10 - 175/185	175/185	215			
ISO 10 - 195/205	195/205	235			

Determination of the maximum thickness of insulation with SPIT ISO:

$$h_D = L_a - t_{tol} - h_{ef}$$

h_D : thickness of the insulation

L_a : Length of the expansion sleeve

t_{tol} : thickness of equalizing layer or non-load bearing coating

h_{ef} : effective anchorage depth

As example, for the SPIT **ISO 10-115/125** :

$L_a = 155$ mm

$t_{tol} = 5$ mm

$h_{ef} = 30$ mm

$h_D = 155 - 5 - 30$

$h_{D \max} = 120$ mm thickness of the insulation





SPIT ISO

Installation data

Annex 4

of European
Technical Approval
ETA-04/0076

Table 4 : Base materials

Base material	Dimensions L x l x H [mm]		References	Compressive strength [MPa]
Concrete C15/20	[EN 206-1]		EN 206-1	[EN 206-1]
Concrete C50/60	[EN 206-1]		EN 206-1	[EN 206-1]
Clay brick		220x110x 55	NF EN 771-1	4.7 (bending test)
Aggregates concrete solid masonry units		500x150x200	NF EN 771-3	12.5
Horizontally perforated clay bricks		500x200x200	NF EN 771-1	5.9
Aggregates concrete hollow masonry units		500x200x200	NF EN 771-3	8.2

SPIT ISO

Base materials

Annex 5

of European
Technical Approval
ETA-04/0076

Table 5 : Characteristic resistance to tension loads N_{Rk} in concrete and masonry for a single anchor in daN

Base material	Characteristic resistance to tension loads N_{Rk} in daN	
	SPIT ISO with polypropylene nail	SPIT ISO with PA6 bonded fibreglass nail
Concrete C15/20	20	60
Concrete C20/25 to C50/60	30	75
Clay brick	30	75
Horizontally perforated clay bricks	10	40
Aggregates concrete solid masonry units	30	60
Aggregates concrete hollow masonry units	15	30

Table 6 : Minimum spacing and edge distances, dimension of members

Minimum spacing	$S_{min} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$
Minimum edge distance	$C_{min} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$
Minimum thickness of member	$h \geq 100 \text{ mm}$

SPIT ISO	Annex 6 of European Technical Approval ETA-04/0076
Characteristic resistance Minimum spacing and edge distances	