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# Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

## Norgips Ultra Board 13



NORGIPS

EPD-Global

**Owner of the declaration:**
Norgips Norge AS

**Product:**
Norgips Ultra Board 13

**Declared unit:**
1 m²

**This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:**
CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR
NPCR 010:2022 Part B for building boards

**Program operator:**
EPD-Global

**Declaration number:**
NEPD-8319-7976-EN

**Issue date:**
03.12.2024

**Latest revision**
v2.0 Date: 07.04.2026

**Valid to:**
03.12.2029

**EPD software:**
LCAno EPD generator ID: 1331925

## General information

**Product**

Norgips Ultra Board 13

**Owner of the declaration:**

Norgips Norge AS
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**Program operator:**

EPD-Global
Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway
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**Manufacturer:**

Norgips Norge AS

**Declaration number:**

NEPD-8319-7976-EN

**Place of production:**

Norgips Norge AS
Svelvikveien 625
3060 Svelvik, Norway

**This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:**

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR
NPCR 010:2022 Part B for building boards

**Management system:**

ISO 14001:2015

**Statement of liability:**

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD-Global shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

**Organisation no:**

986 034 757

**Declared unit:**

1 $m^2$ Norgips Ultra Board 13

**Issue date:**

03.12.2024

**Declared unit with option:**

A1-A3, A4, A5, C1, C2, C3, C4, D

**Valid to:**

03.12.2029

**Year of study:**

2025

**Functional unit:**

1 m2 covering surface of installed building board with a specific function, from cradle-to-grave, with activities
needed for a study period of 60 years for the building.

**Comparability:**

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

**General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:**

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Global's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Global, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Global's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools

**Development and verification of EPD:**

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system, and has been approved by EPD-Global. NEPDT96 Knauf

Developer of EPD: Øystein Edland

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: Trond Even Fagerli

**Verification of EPD tool:**

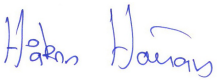
Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPD-Global's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools.

Third party verifier:

Elisabet Amat, GREENIZE projects

(no signature required)

**Approved:**



Håkon Hauan, CEO EPD-Global

## Product

### Product description:

Norgips Ultra Board 13 is a gypsum board consisting of a fiberglass reinforced plaster core with high density. The front and back paper liners are overlapped and glued together on the backside of the gypsum board. The long sides have tapered edges for easy treatment with compound, the short sides are cut. The product is particularly suitable for the cladding of internal walls, ceilings and partitions in all types of buildings. Norgips Ultra Board 13 provides the toughest and most robust wall construction with classified fire and sound requirements. Norgips Ultra Board 13 makes it possible to mount fixtures directly into the board without the need for plugs. Norgips Ultra Board 13 is a new generation of gypsum board that is significantly stronger than a traditional gypsum board.
Norgips Ultra Board 13 is produced with 100 % renewable energy and liquefied natural gas (LNG).

### Product specification

Norgips Ultra Board 13 is produced in various width and lengths, but in the same thickness and it is therefore no variations of the product per square meter.

| Materials | kg | % |
|---|---|---|
| Additives | 0.0565 | 0.4677 |
| Adhesive | 0.0008 | 0.006622 |
| Adhesive and sealant | 0.3107 | 2.57 |
| Chemical | 0.0681 | 0.5637 |
| Gypsum | 7.68 | 63.57 |
| Recycled cardboard | 0.388 | 3.21 |
| Recycled gypsum | 1.92 | 15.89 |
| Water | 1.66 | 13.71 |
| Total | 12.08 | 100.00 |

| Packaging | kg | % |
|---|---|---|
| Packaging - Cardboard | 0.0524 | 94.08 |
| Packaging - Plastic | 0.0033 | 5.92 |
| Total incl. packaging | 12.14 | 100.00 |

### Technical data:

More product information is available on www.norgips.no/www.norgips.se

| Produced according to: | Weight: | Thickness | Reaction to fire |
|---|---|---|---|
| EN 520 - Gypsum plasterboards | 12,1 kg/m2 | 12,5 mm | A2-s1,d0 |

### Market:

Norway and Sweden

### Reference service life, product

60 years

### Reference service life, building or construction works

60 years

## LCA: Calculation rules

### Declared unit:

1 $m^2$ Norgips Ultra Board 13

### Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included when specific information are missing. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

### Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Incoming energy and water and waste production in-house is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

### Data quality:

Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.

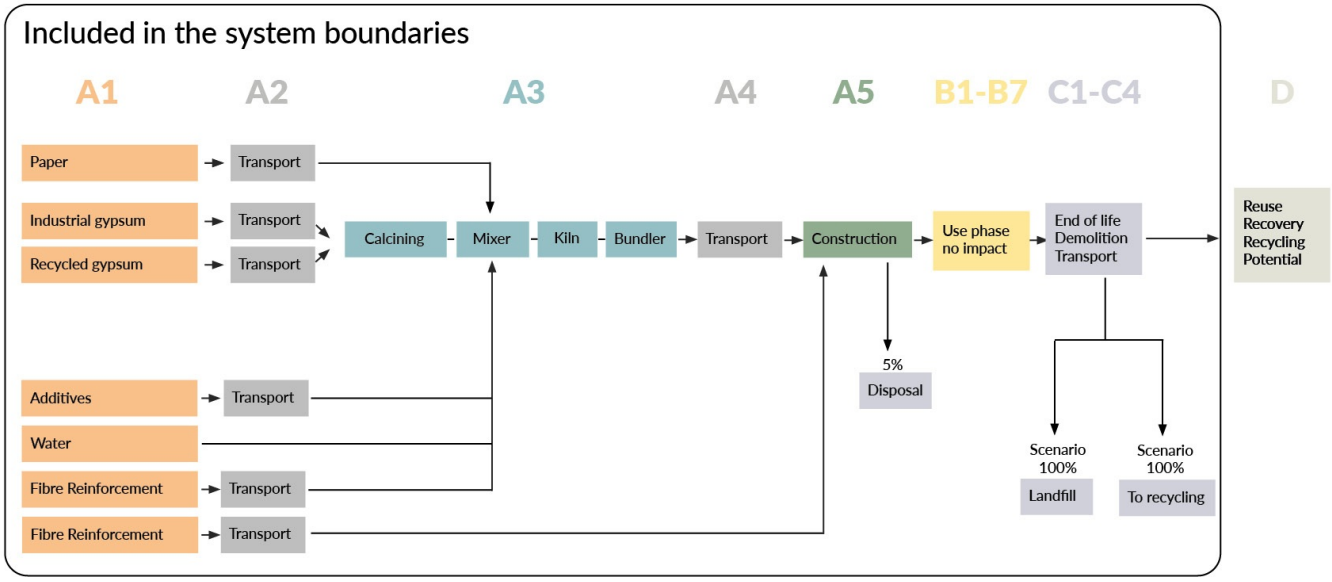
| Materials | Source | Data quality | Year |
|---|---|---|---|
| Additives | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | Database | 2023 |
| Additives | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | Database | 2024 |
| Additives | ecoinvent 3.10.1; supplier | Client Specific | 2019 |
| Adhesive | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | Database | 2023 |
| Adhesive and sealant | EPD-DBC-20220147-IBF1-EN | EPD | 2021 |
| Chemical | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | Database | 2023 |
| Chemical | ecoinvent 3.11 | Database | 2024 |
| Gypsum | Supplier | Specific | 2019 |
| Packaging - Cardboard | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | Database | 2023 |
| Packaging - Plastic | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | Database | 2023 |
| Recycled cardboard | S-P-08304 | EPD | 2021 |
| Recycled gypsum | LCA.no | Database | 2024 |
| Water | Environmental Footprint 3.1 | Database | 2021 |

## System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

| Product stage | | | Construction installation stage | | Use stage | | | | | | | End of life stage | | | | Beyond the system boundaries |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Raw materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Assembly | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential |
| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| X | X | X | X | X | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | X | X | X | X | X |

### System boundary:

Flow chart for the life cycle (A1-A5 and C1-C4) with system boundaries are shown in the figure below. Modul D is also declared outside the life cycle with material and energy substitution from net recovery and is further explained in the scenarios.




### Additional technical information:

The calcined gypsum is transferred to the mixer where water and additives are added. The slurry is distributed to a plasterboard liner where the edges are folded and a new layer of plasterboard liner is glued on to form a sandwich. The board line is continuous transferred along the production line, cut to suitable lengths and dried in a kiln. The dried boards are cut to the correct lengths and stacked in pallets.

## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

| Transport from production place to user (A4) | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Distance (km) | Fuel/Energy Consumption | Unit | Value (Liter/tonne) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Train, Electrical (km) - Norway | 42.0 % | 90.00 | 0.051 | kWh/tkm | 4.59 |
| Truck, Biogas, 80.2% Capacity Utilisation, Class50, EURO 6 (km) | 80.2 % | 150.00 | 0.026 | l/tkm | 3.90 |
| Truck, Diesel, 69.2% Capacity Utilisation, Class50, EURO 6 (km) | 69.2 % | 60.00 | 0.012 | l/tkm | 0.72 |

| Assembly (A5) | Unit | Value | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Electricity, Norway (kWh) | kWh | 0.000333 | | | |
| Material loss from installation (percent) | Units | 0.05 | | | |
| Waste, packaging, folding chipboard, to average treatment (kg) | kg | 0.0524 | | | |
| Waste, packaging, plastic film (LDPE), to average treatment (kg) | kg | 0.0033 | | | |

| De-construction demolition (C1) | Unit | Value | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Default scenario from PCR - demolition and landfill (kg) | kg | 12.40 | | | |
| Electricity, Norway (kWh) | kWh | 0.004166 | | | |

| Transport to waste processing (C2) | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Distance (km) | Fuel/Energy Consumption | Unit | Value (Liter/tonne) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Truck, over 32 tonnes, EURO 6 (kgkm) - Europe | 55.0 % | 50.00 | 0.023 | l/tkm | 1.15 |

| Disposal (C4) | Unit | Value | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Landfilling of gypsum | kg | 12.40 | | | |

| Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D) | Unit | Value | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Substitution of electricity, in Norway (MJ) | MJ | 0.002997 | | | |
| Substitution of thermal energy, district heating, in Norway (MJ) | MJ | 0.04535 | | | |

## LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document. The result tables are given using a market-based approach for foreground system (A3). More information about transparent reporting of electricity in the additional requirements section.

| Environmental impact | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Indicator** | **Unit** | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| | GWP-total | kg $CO_2$ -eq | 2.47E+00 | 1.06E-01 | 2.49E-01 | 1.02E-04 | 6.26E-02 | 4.66E-01 | 1.24E-01 | -2.73E-04 |
| | GWP-fossil | kg $CO_2$ -eq | 2.96E+00 | 9.53E-02 | 1.68E-01 | 9.97E-05 | 6.26E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 1.24E-01 | -2.63E-04 |
| | GWP-biogenic | kg $CO_2$ -eq | -4.89E-01 | 1.11E-02 | 8.13E-02 | 2.27E-06 | 4.06E-05 | 4.66E-01 | 1.96E-04 | -4.54E-07 |
| | GWP-luluc | kg $CO_2$ -eq | 2.50E-03 | 8.53E-05 | 1.33E-04 | 4.66E-07 | 2.44E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 3.42E-05 | -9.07E-06 |
| | ODP | kg CFC11 -eq | 9.95E-08 | 1.92E-08 | 6.22E-09 | 3.00E-12 | 1.21E-09 | 0.00E+00 | 3.89E-09 | -1.92E-05 |
| | AP | mol H+ -eq | 9.33E-03 | 5.60E-04 | 5.75E-04 | 1.38E-06 | 1.48E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 1.37E-03 | -2.29E-06 |
| | EP-FreshWater | kg P -eq | 2.16E-04 | 6.32E-06 | 2.18E-05 | 1.05E-07 | 4.37E-06 | 0.00E+00 | 2.08E-04 | -4.30E-08 |
| | EP-Marine | kg N -eq | 2.47E-03 | 1.44E-04 | 1.53E-04 | 1.20E-07 | 3.87E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 3.41E-04 | -7.15E-07 |
| | EP-Terrestial | mol N -eq | 2.53E-02 | 1.60E-03 | 1.57E-03 | 1.46E-06 | 4.19E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 3.66E-03 | -7.73E-06 |
| | POCP | kg NMVOC -eq | 8.50E-03 | 6.27E-04 | 5.43E-04 | 4.45E-07 | 2.57E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 1.34E-03 | -2.14E-06 |
| | ADP-minerals&metals[1] | kg Sb-eq | 2.49E-05 | 4.20E-06 | 1.48E-06 | 1.58E-08 | 1.79E-07 | 0.00E+00 | 2.44E-07 | -4.32E-09 |
| | ADP-fossil[1] | MJ | 5.05E+01 | 1.82E+00 | 2.82E+00 | 1.20E-03 | 9.40E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 2.89E+00 | -3.73E-03 |
| | WDP[1] | $m^3$ | 2.55E+00 | 2.57E+00 | 2.59E-01 | 5.23E-03 | 4.81E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E-02 | -1.14E-03 |

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment: EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

"Reading example: 9.0 E-03 = 9.0*10-3 = 0.009"

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

### Remarks to environmental impacts

The LCA results in the EPD are calculated using a specific methodological approach for accounting energy resources, see the additional requirements section for more information. In this EPD the following approach was used: Market-based approach.

| Additional environmental impact indicators | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Indicator** | | **Unit** | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| | PM | Disease incidence | 3.62E-08 | 2.00E-08 | 4.23E-09 | 8.00E-12 | 6.05E-09 | 0.00E+00 | 2.08E-08 | -1.32E-10 |
| | IRP[2] | kgBq U235 -eq | 8.36E-02 | 1.56E-02 | 5.23E-03 | 3.80E-05 | 1.13E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 3.85E-03 | -2.68E-05 |
| | ETP-fw[1] | CTUe | 4.74E+00 | 1.71E+00 | 4.43E-01 | 2.09E-03 | 1.11E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 1.93E+00 | -1.96E-02 |
| | HTP-c[1] | CTUh | 3.45E-10 | 0.00E+00 | 2.00E-11 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 5.00E-11 | 0.00E+00 |
| | HTP-nc[1] | CTUh | 1.46E-08 | 2.54E-09 | 1.09E-09 | 1.30E-11 | 6.05E-10 | 0.00E+00 | 3.45E-09 | -2.10E-11 |
| | SQP[1] | dimensionless | 6.36E+00 | 4.22E+00 | 9.39E-01 | 6.43E-04 | 9.46E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 7.09E+00 | -2.51E-02 |

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

"Reading example: 9.0 E-03 = 9.0*10-3 = 0.009"

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator
2. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

| Resource use | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Indicator** | | **Unit** | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| | PERE | MJ | 5.85E+00 | 4.97E-01 | 3.24E-01 | 1.73E-02 | 1.53E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 6.07E-02 | -2.32E-02 |
| | PERM | MJ | 1.03E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -5.45E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -3.64E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| | PERT | MJ | 6.89E+00 | 4.97E-01 | -2.22E-01 | 1.73E-02 | 1.53E-02 | -3.64E-01 | 6.07E-02 | -2.32E-02 |
| | PENRE | MJ | 4.54E+01 | 1.76E+00 | 2.57E+00 | 1.20E-03 | 9.40E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 2.89E+00 | -3.73E-03 |
| | PENRM | MJ | 5.12E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -1.33E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -4.98E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| | PENRT | MJ | 5.05E+01 | 1.76E+00 | 2.43E+00 | 1.20E-03 | 9.40E-01 | -4.98E+00 | 2.89E+00 | -3.73E-03 |
| | SM | kg | 1.00E+01 | 0.00E+00 | 5.01E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| | RSF | MJ | 6.15E-04 | 1.35E-03 | 9.96E-05 | 9.48E-09 | 5.13E-06 | 0.00E+00 | 1.74E-05 | -1.34E-06 |
| | NRSF | MJ | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -1.37E-03 |
| | FW | $m^3$ | 5.42E-02 | 6.79E-03 | 3.08E-03 | 1.22E-04 | 1.39E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -2.65E-05 |

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

"Reading example: 9.0 E-03 = 9.0*10-3 = 0.009"

| End of life - Waste | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| | HWD | kg | 7.69E-02 | 3.03E-03 | 4.14E-03 | 1.25E-05 | 1.36E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -2.51E-06 |
| | NHWD | kg | 1.59E+00 | 3.58E-01 | 7.27E-01 | 5.34E-04 | 2.72E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 1.24E+01 | -1.75E-04 |
| | RWD | kg | 8.81E-03 | 2.45E-03 | 5.63E-04 | 8.32E-09 | 2.80E-07 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | -1.89E-08 |

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9.0 E-03 = 9.0*10-3 = 0.009"

| End of life - Output flow | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| | CRU | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| | MFR | kg | 3.83E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 5.17E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| | MER | kg | 2.10E-11 | 0.00E+00 | 4.20E-11 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| | EEE | MJ | 3.85E-06 | 0.00E+00 | 6.15E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.20E-03 | 0.00E+00 |
| | EET | MJ | 1.47E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 1.37E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 2.69E-03 | 0.00E+00 |

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

"Reading example: 9.0 E-03 = 9.0*10-3 = 0.009"

| Biogenic Carbon Content | | |
|---|---|---|
| Indicator | Unit | At the factory gate |
| Biogenic carbon content in product | kg C | 1.30E-01 |
| Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging | kg C | 2.23E-02 |

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2

## Additional requirements

### Transparent reporting of energy

The table below presents GWPtotal values for energy resources used in the manufacturing phase (A3), calculated with both the location-based and market-based approach. This information is provided for transparency, allowing EPD users to understand the impact of these methodological choices. In this EPD, the following methodology was used in the main results: Market-based approach.

| Electricity mix | Source | Amount | Unit | GWPtotal [kg CO2/Unit] | SUM [kg CO2] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Location-based approach.** | | | | | |
| Electricity, Norway, low voltage | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | 5.40E-01 | kWh | 2.46E-02 | 1.33E-02 |
| Electricity, Norway, low voltage, residual mix | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | 5.40E-01 | kWh | 6.23E-01 | 3.37E-01 |
| **Market-based approach.** | | | | | |
| Electricity, Norway, Guarantees of Origin, Å Enetlios, Validity 2025, 100% hydropower | ecoinvent 3.10.1 | 5.40E-01 | kWh | 8.45E-03 | 4.56E-03 |

### Dangerous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list.

### Indoor environment

Emissions to indoor air are tested by RISE in 2020 and evaluated according to EN 16516.
The test are performed according to ISO 16000-9 and the calculation and reporting of TVOC according to EN 16516.
The test results of Norgips Ultra Board 12.5 mm Typ DFIR are in compliance with the emission requirements of Sintef Miljøcertifikat.
The emission results can be compared to different Emission Labelling Systems.

## Additional Environmental Information

| Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Indicator** | **Unit** | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| GWPIOBC | kg $CO_2$ -eq | 2.96E+00 | 1.06E-01 | 1.68E-01 | 1.02E-04 | 6.26E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 1.24E-01 | -2.69E-04 |

GWP-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.

## Bibliography

ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures.
ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.
EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products.
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