



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 for

Finbetong B20
Finbetong B30



Programme:
**The International
EPD[®] System;**
www.environdec.com

Programme
operator:
EPD International AB

EPD registration
number:
S-P-01573

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Geographical
scope:
International





1. COMPANY DESCRIPTION / GOAL & SCOPE

Founded in 1937 in Milan, Italy, Mapei produces adhesives and complementary products for laying all types of floor, wall and coating materials, and also specializes in other chemical products used in the building industry, such as waterproofing products, specialty mortars, admixtures for concrete, products for underground constructions and for the restoration of concrete and historical buildings.

There are currently 85 subsidiaries in the Mapei Group, with a total of 80 production facilities located around the world in 35 different countries and in 5 different continents. Mapei also has 31 central laboratories. Most locations are ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 or EMAS-certified.

Mapei's strategy of internationalization is based on two main objectives: being closer to local needs and lowering transportation costs. With the declared objective of being close to buyers and clients, Mapei's presence in the five continents enables the company to comply with the requirements of each location, and to use only locally-based managers and qualified personnel, without changing the approach of Mapei.

Mapei invests 12% in its company's total work-force and 5% of its turnover in Research & Development; in particular, 70% of its R&D efforts are directed to develop eco-sustainable and environmentally friendly products, which give important contribution to all major green rating systems for eco-sustainable buildings such as LEED and BREEAM.

Furthermore, Mapei has developed a sales and technical service network with offices all over the world and offers an efficient Technical Assistance Service that is valued by architects, engineers, contractors and owners.

The goal of the study is to provide necessary data and documentation to produce an EPD according to the requirements of PCR Environdec (version 2.3, 2018-11-15) under EN 15804:2014 and to have more comprehension about the environmental impacts related to **Finbetong B20** and **Finbetong B30** manufactured in Mapei AS located in Sagstua (Norway), in year 2018, including packaging of the finished products.

Target audiences of the study are customers and other parties with an interest in the environmental impacts of **Finbetong B20** and **Finbetong B30**.

This analysis shall not support comparative assertions intended to be disclosed to the public.

2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Finbetong B20 and **Finbetong B30** are dry mortars containing cement, fillers and natural aggregates used for small areas, for both internal and external surfaces. Products are well suited for mortaring U-blocks, foundations and as mortars for natural stones. These mortars must be mixed with water.

The two products are compliant with EN 13813 ("Screed material and floor screeds. Screed material. Properties and requirements") and supplied in 20 kg multiply bags or in 1000 kg big bags of finished product.



3. CONTENT DECLARATION

The main components and ancillary materials of **Finbetong B20** and **Finbetong B30** are the following:

Table 1: Composition

Materials	Percentage (%)
Binders	< 30
Fillers	< 85
Other (Additives & Packaging)	< 3

The products contain neither carcinogenic substances nor substances of very high concern (SVHC) on the REACH Candidate List published by the European Chemicals Agency, in a concentration higher than 0,1 % (by unit weight).

4. DECLARED UNIT AND REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

The declared unit is 1 kg of powder (packaging included).

Packaging materials include:

- Wooden pallet
- Multiply bags (paper/PE/paper)
- PP (big bags)
- LDPE used as wrapping material

Due to the selected system boundary, the reference service life of the products is not specified.

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Figure 1: Sagstua Plant



5. SYSTEM BOUNDARIES AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The approach is “cradle to gate”.

The following modules have been considered:

- A1 – A3 (Product stage): extraction and transport of raw materials, packaging included, production process

Table 2: System boundaries

System Boundaries														
A1 – A3			A4 – A5		B1 – B7					C1 – C4				D
PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE					END OF LIFE STAGE				
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	C1	C2	C3	C4	
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation Process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Deconstruction/ Demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	
					B6	Operational Energy Use								
					B7	Operational Water Use								
					Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential									

includedexcluded

A brief description of production process, is the following:

The production process starts from raw materials, that are purchased from external and intercompany suppliers and stored in the plant. Bulk raw materials are stored in specific silos and added automatically in the production mixer, according to the formula of the product. Other raw materials, supplied in bags, big bags or tanks, are stored in the warehouse and added automatically or manually in the mixer. The production is a discontinuous process, in which all the components are mechanically mixed in batches. The semi-finished product is then packaged, put on wooden pallets and stored in the finished products warehouse. The quality of final products is controlled before the sale.

Figure 2: Production process detail - © Photo Halvor Gudim



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6. CUT-OFF RULES AND ALLOCATION

Criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs (cut-off rules) in the LCA, information modules and any additional information are intended to support an efficient calculation procedure. They are not applied in order to hide data.

The procedure of exclusion of inputs and outputs is the following:

- All inputs and outputs to a unit process, for which data are available, are included in the calculation
- Cut-off criteria, where applied, are described in Table 3.

Input flows are covered for the whole formula.

Table 3: Cut-off criteria

Process excluded from study	Cut-off criteria	Quantified contribution from process
A3: production (auxiliary materials)	less than 10^{-5} kg/kg of finished product	Sensibility study demonstrates a contribute lower than 0,5%
A3: waste and particle emission	less than 10^{-5} kg/kg of finished product	Sensibility study demonstrates a contribute lower than 0,5%

For the allocation procedure and principles, consider the Table 4.

Table 4: Allocation procedure and principles

Module	Allocation Principle
A1	All data are referred to 1 kg of product A1: electricity is allocated to the whole plant production
A3	All data are referred to 1 kg of packaged product A3-wastes: all data are allocated to the mortar plant

7. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE AND INTERPRETATION



GWP₁₀₀

Global Warming Potential refers to the emission/presence of GHGs (greenhouse gases) in the atmosphere (mainly CO₂, N₂O, CH₄) which contribute to the increase in the temperature of the planet.



AP

Acidification Potential refers to the emission of specific acidifying substances (i.e. NO_x, SO_x) in the air. These substances decrease the pH of the rainfall with predictable damages to the ecosystem.



EP

Eutrophication Potential refers to the nutrient enrichment of flowing water, which determines unbalance in aquatic ecosystems and causes the death of the aquatic fauna.



ODP

Ozone Depletion Potential refers to the degradation of the stratospheric layer of the ozone involved in blocking the UV component of sunrays. Depletion is due to particularly reactive components that originate from chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) or chlorofluoromethanes (CFM).



POCP

The Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential is the ozone formation in low atmosphere. This is quite common in the cities where a great amount of pollutants (like VOC and NO_x) are emitted every day (industrial emissions and vehicles). It is mainly diffused during the summertime.



ADP_e (elements)

Abiotic Depletion Potential elements refers to the depletion of the mineral resources.



ADP_f (fossil fuel)

Abiotic Depletion Potential fossil fuel refers to the depletion of the fossil fuel resources.








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Following tables show environmental impacts for the products considered according to CML methodology (2001 – Jan. 2016 ver. 4.7). All the results are referred to the declared unit (see § 4).

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Table 5: **Finebetong B20** (packaged with multiply bag): Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environmental Category		Unit	A1 – A3
	GWP₁₀₀	(kg CO ₂ eq.)	1,82E-01
	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	1,19E-07
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	1,20E+00
	AP	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	1,71E-04
	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³ eq.)	8,80E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	6,81E-10
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	7,40E-06

GWP₁₀₀: Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)

Table 6: **Finbetong B20** (packaged with multiply bag); other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3
RPEE	MJ	7,28E-01
RPEM	MJ	-
TPE	MJ	7,28E-01
NRPE	MJ	1,23E+00
NRPM	MJ	-
TRPE	MJ	1,23E+00
SM	kg	3,49E-03
RSF	MJ	-
NRSF	MJ	-
W	m ³	6,85E-04

RPEE Renewable primary energy as energy carrier; **RPEM** Renewable primary energy as material utilisation;
TPE Total use of renewable primary energy sources; **NRPE** Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier;
NRPM Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization; **TRPE** Total use of non-renewable primary energy sources;
SM Use of secondary materials; **RSF** Renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF** Non-renewable secondary fuels;
W Net use of fresh water

Table 7: **Finbetong B20** (packaged with multiply bag); waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit








Output flow	Unit	A1-A3
NHW	kg	0,00E+00
HW	kg	6,45E-03
RW	kg	0,00E+00
Components for re-use	kg	-
Materials for recycling	kg	4,81E-04
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-
Exported energy	MJ	-

HW Hazardous waste disposed; **NHW** Non Hazardous waste disposed; **RW** Radioactive waste disposed

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Table 8: **Finbetong B20** (packaged with big bag): Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environmental Category		Unit	A1 – A3
	GWP₁₀₀	(kg CO ₂ eq.)	1,91E-01
	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	1,18E-07
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	1,41E+00
	AP	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	2,25E-04
	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	9,16E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	6,81E-10
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	1,15E-05

GWP₁₀₀: Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)

Table 9: **Finbetong B20** (packaged with big bag); other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3
RPEE	MJ	6,56E-01
RPEM	MJ	-
TPE	MJ	6,56E-01
NRPE	MJ	1,45E+00
NRPM	MJ	-
TRPE	MJ	1,45E+00
SM	kg	3,49E-03
RSF	MJ	-
NRSF	MJ	-
W	m ³	7,31E-04

RPEE Renewable primary energy as energy carrier; **RPEM** Renewable primary energy as material utilisation;
TPE Total use of renewable primary energy sources; **NRPE** Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier;
NRPM Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization; **TRPE** Total use of non-renewable primary energy sources;
SM Use of secondary materials; **RSF** Renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF** Non-renewable secondary fuels;
W Net use of fresh water

Table 10: **Finbetong B20** (packaged with big bag); waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3
NHW	kg	0,00E+00
HW	kg	6,45E-03
RW	kg	0,00E+00
Components for re-use	kg	-
Materials for recycling	kg	4,81E-04
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-
Exported energy	MJ	-







HW Hazardous waste disposed; **NHW** Non Hazardous waste disposed; **RW** Radioactive waste disposed

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Table 11: **Finbetong B30** (packaged with multiply bag): Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environmental Category		Unit	A1 – A3
	GWP₁₀₀	(kg CO ₂ eq.)	2,23E-01
	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	1,51E-07
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	1,36E+00
	AP	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	1,94E-04
	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³ eq.)	1,08E-04
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	8,78E-10
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	1,31E-05

GWP₁₀₀: Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)

Table 12: **Finbetong B30** (packaged with multiply bag): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3
RPEE	MJ	7,72E-01
RPEM	MJ	-
TPE	MJ	7,72E-01
NRPE	MJ	1,39E+00
NRPM	MJ	-
TRPE	MJ	1,39E+00
SM	kg	4,50E-03
RSF	MJ	-
NRSF	MJ	-
W	m ³	6,77E-04

RPEE Renewable primary energy as energy carrier; **RPEM** Renewable primary energy as material utilisation;
TPE Total use of renewable primary energy sources; **NRPE** Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier;
NRPM Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization; **TRPE** Total use of non-renewable primary energy sources;
SM Use of secondary materials; **RSF** Renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF** Non-renewable secondary fuels;
W Net use of fresh water

Table 13: **Finbetong B30** (packaged with multiply bag): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit








Output flow	Unit	A1-A3
NHW	kg	0,00E+00
HW	kg	6,45E-03
RW	kg	0,00E+00
Components for re-use	kg	-
Materials for recycling	kg	4,81E-04
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-
Exported energy	MJ	-

HW Hazardous waste disposed; **NHW** Non Hazardous waste disposed; **RW** Radioactive waste disposed

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Table 14: **Finbetong B30** (packaged with big bag): Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environmental Category		Unit	A1 – A3
	GWP₁₀₀	(kg CO ₂ eq.)	2,32E-01
	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	1,50E-07
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	1,56E+00
	AP	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	2,48E-04
	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	1,11E-04
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	8,78E-10
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	1,71E-05

GWP₁₀₀: Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)

Table 15: **Finbetong B30** (packaged with big bag): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3
RPEE	MJ	7,00E-01
RPEM	MJ	-
TPE	MJ	7,00E-01
NRPE	MJ	1,60E+00
NRPM	MJ	-
TRPE	MJ	1,60E+00
SM	kg	4,50E-03
RSF	MJ	-
NRSF	MJ	-
W	m ³	7,22E-04

RPEE Renewable primary energy as energy carrier; **RPEM** Renewable primary energy as material utilisation;
TPE Total use of renewable primary energy sources; **NRPE** Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier;
NRPM Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization; **TRPE** Total use of non-renewable primary energy sources;
SM Use of secondary materials; **RSF** Renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF** Non-renewable secondary fuels;
W Net use of fresh water

Table 16: **Finbetong B30** (packaged with big bag): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3
NHW	kg	0,00E+00
HW	kg	6,45E-03
RW	kg	0,00E+00
Components for re-use	kg	-
Materials for recycling	kg	4,81E-04
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-
Exported energy	MJ	-

HW Hazardous waste disposed; **NHW** Non Hazardous waste disposed; **RW** Radioactive waste disposed

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Tables from 5 to 16 show absolute results for all the environmental categories considered. Calculations point out module **A1** has the highest contribution for most environmental indicators (i.e. relative contribution in ODP is up to 99%). Raw materials extraction and processing show the most relevant environmental load considering the whole life cycle of the finished product. In particular, the hydraulic binder has the strongest influence on the results.

The **module A2** (raw materials transport) gives a negative contribution to POCP due to NO and NO₂ emission factors (for more details, see the methodology used: *HBEFA -Handbook Emission Factors for Road Transport*).

The following tables show the percentage contribution of the modules considered in the system boundary to the environmental impacts.

Table 17: Environmental Impact as percentage – Finbetong B20 and Finbetong B30 (multiply bag)



Table 18: Environmental Impact as percentage – Finbetong B20 and Finbetong B30 (big bag)



More details about electrical mixes used in this EPD are shown below:

	Data source	Amount	Unit
Electricity grid mix (NO) – 2016	GaBi database	0,0287	kg CO ₂ -eqv/kWh

8. DATA QUALITY

Table 19: Data quality

Dataset & Geographical reference	Database (source)	Temporary reference
A1-A3		
PTL binder	EPD NORGE: NEPD-1217-383-NO	2015 – 2020
Fillers (EU)	GaBi Database;	2018
Electricity grid mix (NO)	EcoProfile EPDLA	2016
Additives & Packaging components (EU)	GaBi Database; PlasticsEurope	2005 – 2018
A2		
Truck transport (euro 3, 27-ton payload – GLO)	GaBi Database	2018
Oceanic ship (27500 DWT - GLO)	GaBi Database	2018
Diesel for transport (EU)	GaBi Database	2016
Heavy Fuel Oil (EU)	GaBi Database	2016

All data included in table above refer to a period between 2005 and 2020; the most relevant ones are specific from supplier, while the others (i.e. transport and minor contribution dataset), come from European and global databases.

All dataset are not more than 10 years old according to EN 15804 § 6.3.7 "Data quality requirements". The only exception is represented by one raw material used for one packaging component production, coming from PlasticsEurope database.

Primary data concern the year 2018 and represent the whole annual production.



9. VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804

Environmental product declarations within the same product category from different programs may not be comparable.

CEN standard EN15804 served as the core PCR

PCR:	PCR 2012:01 Construction products and Construction services, Version 2.3, 2018-11-15
PCR review was conducted by:	The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Chair: Massimo Marino Contact via info@environdec.com
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPD Process Certification (Internal) <input type="checkbox"/> EPD Verification (external)
Third party verifier:	Certiquality S.r.l. Number of accreditation: 003H rev15
Accredited or approved by:	Accredia
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third-party verifier	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

10. REFERENCES

- EN 13813 "SCREED MATERIAL AND FLOOR SCREEDS. SCREED MATERIAL. PROPERTIES AND REQUIREMENTS"
- EN 15804: SUSTAINABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS - ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS - CORE RULES FOR THE PRODUCT CATEGORY OF CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS
- GENERAL PROGRAMME INSTRUCTIONS OF THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM. VERSION 3.0
- HBEFA - HANDBOOK EMISSION FACTORS FOR ROAD TRANSPORT
- ISO 14025 ENVIRONMENTAL LABELS AND DECLARATIONS - TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATIONS - PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES
- ISO 14044 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT – LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT – REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES
- PCR 2012:01; "PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: MULTIPLE UN CPC CODES CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS AND CONSTRUCTION SERVICES"; VERSION 2.3

CONTACT INFORMATION

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ANNEX 1

ANNEX 1: Self declaration from EPD owner

Specific Norwegian requirements

1 Applied electricity data set used in the manufacturing phase

The electricity mix for the electricity used in manufacturing (A3) is the electricity grid mix

<0,0287 kg CO₂ eqv/kWh>

2 Content of dangerous substances

- ☒ The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list.
- ☐ The product contains substances that are less than 0.1% by weight given by the REACH Candidate or the Norwegian priority list.
- ☐ The product contains dangerous substances more than 0.1% by weight given in the REACH candidate list or the [Norwegian Priority List](#), concentrations is given in the EPD:

Dangerous substances from the REACH candidate list or the Norwegian Priority List	CAS No.	Quantity (concentration, wt%/FU(DU)).
Substance 1		
Substance n		

3 Transport from the place of manufacture to a central warehouse

Transport distance, and CO₂-eqv./DU from transport of the product from factory gate to central warehouse in Oslo shall be given. The following table shall be included in the EPD:

Type	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy use	Unit	Value (l/t)	kg CO ₂ -eq./DU
Boat							
Truck	85	27 tonn, EURO 3	95	0,0153	l/tkm	1,45	6,87E-03
Railway							
Rail							
Air							
Total	85	27 tonn, EURO 3	95	0,0153	l/tkm	1,45	6,87E-03

4 Impact on the indoor environment

- ☐ Indoor air emission testing has been performed; specify test method and reference:
- ☒ No test has being performed
- ☐ Not relevant; specify : the product is a waterproofing membranes for underground structures. It does not affect the indoor air quality.
