

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

in accordance with ISO 14025, ISO 21930 and EN 15804

Owner of the declaration:	Saint-Gobain Byggevarer as
Program operator:	The Norwegian EPD Foundation
Publisher:	The Norwegian EPD Foundation
Declaration number:	NEPD-1956-864-EN
Registration number:	NEPD-1956-864-EN
ECO Platform reference number:	-
Issue date:	12.12.2019
Valid to:	12.12.2024

## weberbase KC 50/50

Saint-Gobain Byggevarer as



[www.epd-norge.no](http://www.epd-norge.no)



## General information

**Product:**

weberbase KC 50/50

**Program operator:**

The Norwegian EPD Foundation  
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**Declaration number:**

NEPD-1956-864-EN

**ECO Platform reference number:**
**This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:**

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 serves as core PCR.  
PCR-PART A: Construction products and services, and PCR-PART B for technical-chemical products in the building and construction industry.

**Statement of liability:**

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

**Declared unit:**

1 kg weberbase KC 50/50

**Declared unit with option:**

A1,A2,A3,A4

**Functional unit:**
**Verification:**

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4

External

Third party verifier:

Sign



Senior Research Scientist, Anne Rønning

(Independent verifier approved by EPD Norway)

**Owner of the declaration:**

Saint-Gobain Byggevarer as  
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e-mail: [info\(at\)weber-norge.no](mailto:info(at)weber-norge.no)

**Manufacturer:**

Saint-Gobain Byggevarer as

**Place of production:**

Saint-Gobain Byggevarer - Ski, Norway

**Management system:**

ISO 9001, ISO 14001

**Organisation no:**

940 198 178

**Issue date:** 12.12.2019

**Valid to:** 12.12.2024

**Year of study:**

2019

**Comparability:**

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

**Author of the Life Cycle Assessment:**

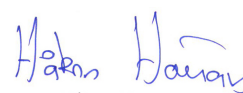
The declaration is developed using eEPD v3.0 from LCA.no  
Approval:  
Company specific data are:

Collected/registered by: Line Holaker

Internal verification by: Anne Kaiser

**Approved:**

Sign



Håkon Hauan  
Managing Director of EPD-Norway

## Product

### Product description:

weberbase KC 50/50 is a dry mortar based on cement and lime. When mixed with water, it is a ready to use mortar for indoor and outdoor use. weberbase KC 50/50 can be used as render on substrates of concrete, bricks, Leca® and other previously rendered surfaces or mineral based substances. The mortar can be applied as a thin slurry, applied as a base coat on Leca®, bricks and detached Lecawall, and applied as a final coat on concrete, bricks and Leca®. weberbase KC 50/50 can also be used as repair mortar on lime-cement based rendered surfaces and as masonry mortar.

### Product specification

The composition of the product is described in the following table:

Materials	%
Binder	10-30
Aggregate	60-90
Filler	1-10
Additives	<0,1
Packaging	2-3

### Technical data:

Mortar category: CS II (EN 998-1).  
Compressive strength 28 days: class CS III  
Composition: KC 50/50/610.  
For further information see [www.weber-norge.no](http://www.weber-norge.no)

### Market:

Norway

### Reference service life, product

The reference service life of the product is similar to the service life of the building.

### Reference service life, building

60 years

## LCA: Calculation rules

### Declared unit:

1 kg weberbase KC 50/50

### Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

Machines and facilities (capital goods) required for and during production are excluded, as is transportation of employees.

### Data quality:

Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. They represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on registered EPDs according to EN 15804, Ostfold Research databases, ecoinvent and other LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.

Plant manufacturing data is collected from previous year. Waste data from the process is an average value from the last 5 years.

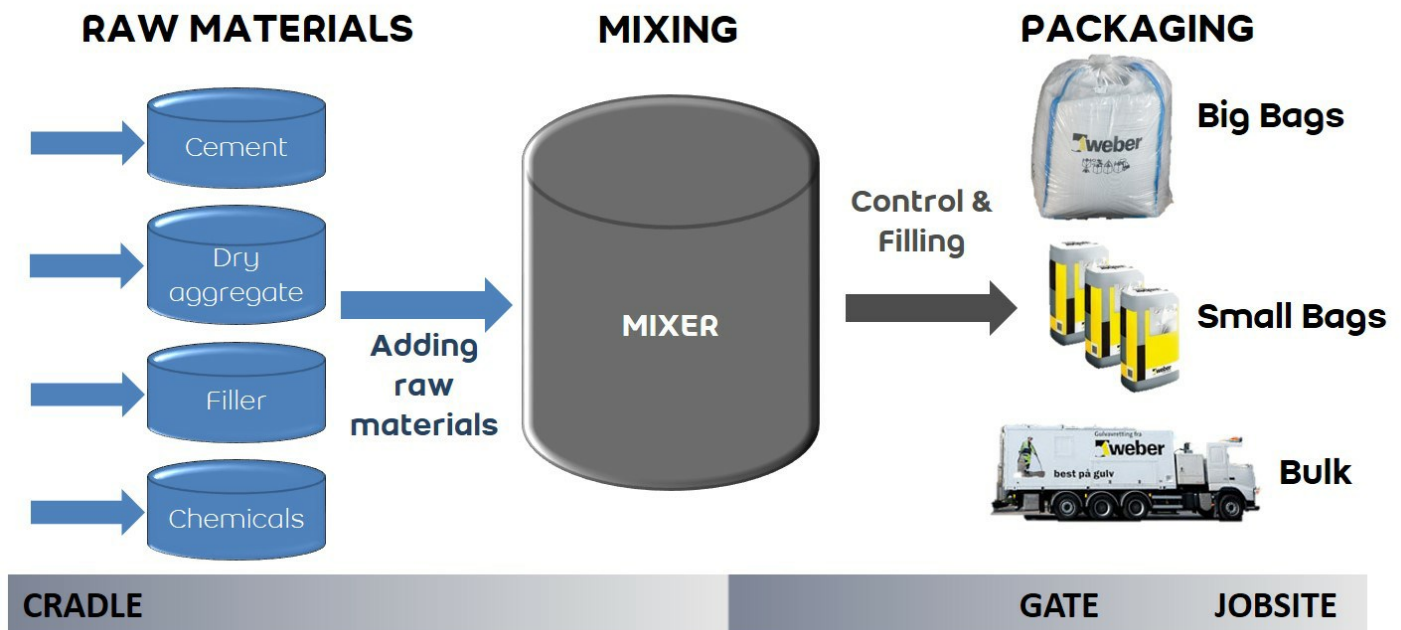
The calculations are based on production in Ski, and delivery in 25 kg plastic bags. Transportation used in A4 is 30 km.

Materials	Source	Data quality	Year
Chemicals	Chemicals below cut-off	No data	0
Filler	Østfoldforskning	Supplier data	2013
Cement	NEPD-1217-383	EPD	2015
Aggregate	Østfoldforskning	Database	2016
Filler	Østfoldforskning	Supplier specific	2016
Packaging	ecoinvent 3.4	Database	2017
Packaging	Modified ecoinvent 3.4	Database	2017

**System boundary:**

All processes from raw material extraction to product transport to the construction site are included in the analysis (A1-A4).

The flow chart below illustrates the system boundaries for the A1 to A3 part of the analysis. Transportation from production plant to Oslo is included in A4.



**Additional technical information:**

2 kg dry mortar gives approximately 1 liter of final product. The remaining powder is classified as hazardous waste. Cured material is inactive and not classified as hazardous waste and may be disposed as construction waste to disposal or recycling. The packaging properly emptied is not classified as hazardous waste.

The LCA calculation has been made taking into account the fact that during the manufacturing process it is used 100% renewable electricity. This 100% renewable electricity bought is evidenced by Guarantee of Origin certificates (GOs), valid for the period chosen in the calculation (2019).



## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

### Transport from production place to user (A4)

Type	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption	Unit	Value (l/t)
Truck	55,0 %	Truck, lorry over 32 tonnes, EURO 6	30	0,022606	l/tkm	0,68
Railway					l/tkm	
Boat					l/tkm	
Other Transportation					l/tkm	

Assembly (A5)			Use (B1)			
.	Unit	Value	.	Unit	Value	
Auxiliary	kg					
Water consumption	m <sup>3</sup>					
Electricity consumption	kWh					
Other energy carriers	MJ					
Material loss	kg					
Output materials from waste treatment	kg					
Dust in the air	kg					
VOC emissions	kg					
Maintenance (B2)/Repair (B3)			Replacement (B4)/Refurbishment (B5)			
.	Unit	Value	.	Unit	Value	
Maintenance cycle*			Replacement cycle*			
Auxiliary			Electricity consumption	kWh		
Other resources			Replacement of worn parts			
Water consumption	m <sup>3</sup>		* Described above if relevant			
Electricity consumption	kWh					
Other energy carriers	MJ					
Material loss	kg					
VOC emissions	kg					
Operational energy (B6) and water consumption (B7)			End of Life (C1, C2)			
.	Unit	Value	.	Unit	Value	
Water consumption	m <sup>3</sup>		Hazardous waste disposed	kg		
Electricity consumption	kWh		Collected as mixed construction waste	kg		
Other energy carriers	MJ		Reuse	kg		
Power output of equipment	kW		Recycling			
			Energy recovery			
			To landfill	kg		
Transport to waste processing (C2)						
Type	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption	Unit	Value (l/t)
Truck					l/tkm	
Railway					l/tkm	
Boat					l/tkm	
Other Transportation					l/tkm	

## LCA: Results

### System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

Product stage				Construction installation stage	User stage								End of life stage			Beyond the system boundaries
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND

### Environmental impact

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4
GWP	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq	1,50E-01	1,06E-02	2,02E-03	2,48E-03
ODP	kg CFC11 -eq	1,73E-09	2,05E-09	3,30E-10	5,10E-10
POCP	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -eq	1,60E-05	1,65E-06	3,15E-07	3,88E-07
AP	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq	2,20E-04	2,83E-05	8,49E-06	6,41E-06
EP	kg PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> -eq	9,74E-05	4,32E-06	1,59E-06	8,84E-07
ADPM	kg Sb -eq	4,21E-08	2,32E-08	4,39E-09	5,91E-09
ADPE	MJ	6,86E-01	1,73E-01	2,63E-02	4,08E-02

GWP Global warming potential; ODP Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; POCP Formation potential of tropospheric photochemical oxidants; AP Acidification potential of land and water; EP Eutrophication potential; ADPM Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPE Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10<sup>-3</sup> = 0,009

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

## Resource use

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	4,93E-01	3,10E-03	3,26E-02	7,41E-04
RPEM	MJ	3,94E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
TPE	MJ	8,88E-01	3,10E-03	3,26E-02	7,41E-04
NRPE	MJ	7,46E-01	1,78E-01	2,84E-02	4,20E-02
NRPM	MJ	1,43E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
TRPE	MJ	8,89E-01	1,78E-01	2,84E-02	4,20E-02
SM	kg	1,26E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,64E-06	0,00E+00
NRSF	MJ	3,71E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
W	m <sup>3</sup>	5,08E-03	4,18E-05	5,13E-06	9,95E-06

RPEE Renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; RPEM Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TPE Total use of renewable primary energy resources; NRPE Non renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; NRPM Non renewable primary energy resources used as materials; TRPE Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM Use of secondary materials; RSF Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable secondary fuels; W Use of net fresh water

Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10<sup>-3</sup> = 0,009

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

## End of life - Waste

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4
HW	kg	1,25E-04	8,92E-08	1,40E-08	2,24E-08
NHW	kg	9,58E-03	1,60E-02	5,17E-03	3,84E-03
RW	kg	INA*	INA*	INA*	INA*

HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed

Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10<sup>-3</sup> = 0,009

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

## End of life - Output flow

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4
CR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,00E-04	0,00E+00
MR	kg	1,71E-04	0,00E+00	2,90E-05	0,00E+00
MER	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	MJ	INA*	INA*	INA*	INA*
ETE	MJ	INA*	INA*	INA*	INA*

CR Components for reuse; MR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy

Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10<sup>-3</sup> = 0,009

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

## Additional Norwegian requirements

### Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

Electricity mix	Data source	Amount	Unit
El-mix, Norway (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.4	31,04	g CO2-ekv/kWh

### Dangerous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list. The product is classified as hazardous waste (Avfallsforskriften, Annex III), see table.





Name	CASNo	Amount
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	5-10%
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	5-10%

### Indoor environment

The product has no impact on the indoor environment.

## Bibliography

- ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures.  
 ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.  
 EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products.  
 ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works. Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products.  
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 Iversen et al., (2019) EPD generator for Saint-Gobain Weber and Scanspac - Background information and LCA data, LCA.no report number 05.18  
 NPCR Part A: Construction products and services. Ver. 1.0. April 2017, EPD-Norge.  
 NPCR 009 Part B for technical-chemical products. Ver. 1.0 June 2018, EPD-Norge.

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