



Owner: No.: Issued: Valid to:

(nauf A/S 1D-21095-Ef 1-02-2022 1-02-2027

3<sup>rd</sup> PARTY **VERIFIED** 

VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804







#### **Owner of declaration**

Knauf A/S Kløvermarksvej 6 DK-9500 Hobro CVR: 5405 0313

### Programme

EPD Danmark www.epddanmark.dk

□ Industry EPD ⊠ Product EPD

#### Declared product(s)

Unperforated Knauf Danoline: Plaza, Belgravia, Visona and Amfinanel

Number of declared datasets/product variations: 1

The unperforated Knauf Danoline Plaza, Belgravia, Visona and Amfipanel is a glass fiber reinforced gypsum plasterboard with square or beveled edges with smooth painted surface. The EPD is valid for unperforated variations carrying the Knauf Danoline Plaza, Belgravia, Visona and Amfipanel name.

The calculations cover similar products (variation <5%) and are based on the product with the highest environmental impact within the product group (article number 469234).

#### Production site

Knauf's production site in Hobro; Kløvermarksvej 6, DK-9500 Hobro, Denmark

#### Product use

The product is used for general indoor building construction of walls and ceilings. The product is mounted on ceiling or walls; either directly by screwfixing or as panels in a grid system.

#### Declared/ functional unit

1 m<sup>2</sup>

Year of data 2019



## **Keoddanmark**

Issued: 11-02-2022 Valid to: 11-02-2027

#### **Basis of calculation**

This EPD is developed in accordance with the European standard EN 15804+A2.

#### Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the requirements in EN 15804. EPD data may not be comparable if the datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN 15804 and if the background systems are not based on the same database.

#### Validity

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 and is valid for 5 years from the date of issue.

#### Use

The intended use of an EPD is to communicate scientifically based environmental information for construction products, for the purpose of assessing the environmental performance of buildings.

#### EPD type

Cradle-to-gate with modules C1-C4 and D ⊠Cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1-C4 and D □Cradle-to-grave and module D □Cradle-to-gate

□Cradle-to-gate with options

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025

⊠ external

□ internal

Third party verifier:

Viulia Back

Ninkie Bendtsen

enfer Martha Kathne Sørensen

EPD Danmark

Life	ife cycle stages and modules (MND = module not declared)															
Product Construction Use Use			End of life			Beyond the system boundary										
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery and recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	x





## Product information

**Product description** 

The main product components and packaging are shown in the tables below.

Material	Weight-% of declared product
Stucco	82%
Fibre glass	<0.1%
Paper	4.2%
Additives	<1%
Glue	<1%
Water	13%

Packaging	Weight-%
Cardboard	5%
Ceiling_board	20%
Corrugated	7%
Pallet	59%
PE_Film	8%

#### Representativity

**Picture of product(s)** 

This declaration, including data collection and the modeled foreground system including results, represents the production of gypsum board on the production site located in Hobro. Product specific data are based on average values collected in the period 2019. Background data are based on the GaBi 2021.2 database and are less than 10 years old except for two detergents <0.05% (w/w). Generally, the used background datasets are of high quality, and the majority of the datasets are only a couple of years old.

Hazardous substances

Knauf Danoline boards do not contain substances listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation"

(http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)

**Essential characteristics** 

The product is made and controlled in accordance with EN 14190:2014 "Plasterboards form reprocessing".

Further technical information can be obtained by contacting the manufacturer or on the manufacturers website:

#### www.knauf.dk

**Reference Service Life (RSL)** 

The RSL is defined as 60 years according to NPCR 010 version 3.0.



Knauf A/S | Page 3 of 10





# LCA background

### **Declared unit**

The LCI and LCIA results in this EPD relates to 1  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{m2}}$ 

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
Area density	9.3	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Conversion factor to 1 kg.	0.107	-

PCR

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804, and NPCR 010 version 3.0.

Flowdiagram

The diagram below shows the system boundaries of the EPD. A detailed illustration of A3 is shown later.







#### System boundary

This EPD is based on an LCA including cradle-togate with options, modules C1-C4, and module D. 100 % (w/w) of the product has been accounted for.

The general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs follows the requirements in EN 15804, 6.3.5, where the total of neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5 % of energy usage and mass and 1 % of energy usage and mass for unit processes.

### Product stage (A1-A3) includes:

The product stage comprises the acquisition of all raw materials, products and energy, transport to the production site, packaging and waste processing up to the "end-of-waste" state or final disposal. The LCA results are declared in aggregated form for the product stage, which means, that the sub-modules A1, A2 and A3 are declared as one module A1-A3.

<u>A1 – Extraction and processing of raw materials</u> The raw gypsum is mined in Spain. All other raw materials are produced mainly in Northern Europe.

#### A2 – Transport to the production site

The inbound transport includes all incoming material from suppliers. This includes the transport of Flue-Gas Desulfurization (FGD) from coal-based power plants, as well as transport of raw natural gypsum from Spain.

#### A3 – Manufacturing processes

The natural, recycled or FGD based gypsum is heated/calcinated to bring the gypsum to the hemihydrate state known as stucco. The stucco is

mixed with water and other additives and sandwiched between the front and back liner. After initial hardening, the plates are cut into shape and heated in the curing oven.

From the curing oven the plates are painted and cut into final shape.

## Construction process stage (A4-A5) includes:

A weighted average for the transport distance of 237 km is included for the average Danish market situation.

The installation phase (A5) is not included.

### Use stage (B1-B7) includes:

Not included

#### End of Life (C1-C4) includes:

The board is dismantled by hand (C1) and transported to municipal collection facilities, and from here to a recycling company (C2).

The gypsum part of the plate (gypsum and additives) is split from the paper liners using electricity based machinery (C3). The paper part is assumed incinerated with energy recovery (C4)

## Re-use, recovery and recycling potential (D) includes:

The gypsum part of the product is recycled as gypsum and avoids mining and production of natural gypsum. This can be done at Knauf and recycled in new Knauf boards.

The recovered energy from incineration of paper avoids the production of primary heat or electricity at power plants.







# LCA results

The LCIA results are calculate using GaBi 10.6 with database version 2021.2, and using the characterization model defined in GaBi as EN15804+A2 for classifying and characterizing input and output flows.

ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>2</sup>										
Parameter	Enhed	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP-total	[kg CO₂ eq.]	1.62E+00	1.75E-01	0.00E+00	1.44E-01	4.17E-02	8.38E-01	-2.77E-01		
GWP-fossil	[kg CO₂ eq.]	2.72E+00	1.72E-01	0.00E+00	1.41E-01	4.13E-02	2.96E-01	-2.76E-01		
GWP-bio	[kg CO₂ eq.]	-1.10E+00	1.86E-03	0.00E+00	1.52E-03	3.51E-04	5.42E-01	-1.37E-03		
GWP-luluc	[kg CO₂ eq.]	3.99E-03	1.42E-03	0.00E+00	1.17E-03	5.84E-05	2.03E-05	-2.11E-04		
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	2.47E-08	3.44E-17	0.00E+00	2.82E-17	9.88E-16	1.87E-16	-3.14E-15		
AP	[mol H <sup>+</sup> eq.]	9.82E-03	1.89E-04	0.00E+00	1.55E-04	8.59E-05	3.01E-04	-3.93E-04		
EP-fw	[kg P eq.]	1.48E-04	5.18E-07	0.00E+00	4.25E-07	1.11E-07	4.60E-08	-3.67E-07		
EP-mar	[kg N eq.]	2.86E-03	6.11E-05	0.00E+00	5.01E-05	2.04E-05	1.13E-04	-1.20E-04		
EP-ter	[mol N eq.]	3.01E-02	7.23E-04	0.00E+00	5.93E-04	2.14E-04	1.35E-03	-1.30E-03		
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	7.66E-03	1.65E-04	0.00E+00	1.35E-04	5.54E-05	2.98E-04	-3.36E-04		
ADP-mm <sup>1</sup>	[kg Sb eq.]	4.49E-06	1.54E-08	0.00E+00	1.27E-08	1.21E-08	2.85E-09	-4.59E-08		
ADP-fos <sup>1</sup>	[MJ]	4.46E+01	2.32E+00	0.00E+00	1.90E+00	7.34E-01	3.13E-01	-4.76E+00		
WDP <sup>1</sup>	[m³]	6.75E-01	1.62E-03	0.00E+00	1.33E-03	6.62E-03	1.04E-01	-2.07E-02		
	GWP-total = Globale Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-bio = Global									
	Warming Potential - biog	Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone								
Caption	Depletion; AP = Acidifcation	n; EP-freshwa	ater = Eutroph	nication – aqua	atic freshwater	; EP-marine =	<ul> <li>Eutrophication</li> </ul>	on – aquatic		
	marine; EP-terrestrial = E	utrophication	<ul> <li>terrestrial; I</li> </ul>	POCP = Photo	chemical zone	formation; AD	OPm = Abiotic	: Depletion		
	Potential – mine	erals and meta	als; ADPf = Ab	iotic Depletior	n Potential – fo	ossil fuels; WD	P = water use	5		
Disclaimer	<sup>1</sup> The results of this envir	onmental indic	ator shall be	used with care	e as the uncer	ainties on the	se results are	high or as		
Discialmer		the	re is limited e	xperienced wi	th the indicate	r		-		

	ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>2</sup>								
Parameter	Enhed	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
PM	[Disease incidence]	1.66E-07	1.28E-09	0.00E+00	1.05E-09	7.24E-10	1.86E-09	-3.92E-08	
IRP2	[kBq U235 eq.]	1.12E-01	6.18E-04	0.00E+00	5.07E-04	1.79E-02	2.25E-03	-5.58E-02	
ETP-fw1	[CTUe]	1.92E+01	1.72E+00	0.00E+00	1.41E+00	3.09E-01	1.58E-01	-1.02E+00	
HTP-c1	[CTUh]	1.30E-09	3.48E-11	0.00E+00	2.86E-11	8.74E-12	9.74E-12	-4.57E-11	
HTP-nc1	[CTUh]	2.31E-08	1.81E-09	0.00E+00	1.48E-09	3.30E-10	6.84E-10	-1.83E-09	
SQP1	-	7.66E+01	7.98E-01	0.00E+00	6.54E-01	2.32E-01	7.87E-02	-7.74E-01	
Caption	PM = Particulate Matter em Human toxicity – cancer	issions; IRP = · effects; HTP-	· Ionizing radia nc = Human t	ation — human coxicity — non	health; ETP-f cancer effects	w = Eco toxic ; SQP = Soil C	ity – freshwate Juality (dimens	er; HTP-c = sionless)	
Disclaimers	<sup>1</sup> The results of this enviro	onmental indic the	ator shall be u re is limited ex	used with care operienced wit	as the uncert th the indicato	ainties on the r.	se results are	high or as	
	<sup>2</sup> This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction								
		mat	erials is also n	ot measured l	by this indicate	or.			

RESSOURCE CONSUMPTION PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>2</sup>									
Parameter	Enhed	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
PERE	[MJ]	-4.13E+01	1.34E-01	0.00E+00	1.10E-01	3.38E-01	5.78E-02	-1.07E+00	
PERM	[MJ]	6.41E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
PERT	[MJ]	2.28E+01	1.34E-01	0.00E+00	1.10E-01	3.38E-01	5.78E-02	-1.07E+00	
PENRE	[MJ]	4.06E+01	2.33E+00	0.00E+00	1.91E+00	7.34E-01	3.13E-01	-4.76E+00	
PENRM	[MJ]	3.99E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
PENRT	[MJ]	4.46E+01	2.33E+00	0.00E+00	1.91E+00	7.34E-01	3.13E-01	-4.76E+00	
SM	[kg]	5.63E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
FW	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	2.36E-02	1.53E-04	0.00E+00	1.25E-04	3.29E-04	2.45E-03	-1.04E-03	
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw material; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw material; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water								





	WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER PRODUKT PER M <sup>2</sup>										
Parameter	Enhed	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
HWD	[kg]	3.14E-06	1.23E-10	0.00E+00	1.01E-10	1.94E-10	5.78E-11	-1.06E-09			
NHWD	[kg]	3.83E-02	3.66E-04	0.00E+00	3.00E-04	5.21E-04	5.58E-02	-2.22E-03			
RWD	[kg]	6.65E-04	4.23E-06	0.00E+00	3.47E-06	1.09E-04	1.47E-05	-3.41E-04			
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
MFR	[kg]	7.98E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.73E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
MER	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.15E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.15E+00			
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.11E+00			
	HWD = Hazardous waste o	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU =									
Caption	Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical										
			energy; EET =	<ul> <li>Exported the</li> </ul>	ermal energy						

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER PER PRODUKT PER M2								
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate						
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	1.74E+00						
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	kg C	9.00E-02						





## Additional information

**Technical information on scenarios** 

### Transport to the building site (A4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Fuel type	Diesel	-
Vehicle type	Truck, Euro 6, 28 - 32t gross weight / 22t payload capacity	-
Transport distance	237	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	61	%
Gross density of products transported	747	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Capacity utilisation volume factor	1	-

#### **Reference service life**

RSL information	Unit
Reference service Life	60 years
Declared product properties	
Design application parameters	
Assumed quality of work	Information on the technical characteristics, design and construction
Outdoor environment	guidelines, as well as conditions during use can be found on the
Indoor environment	website of Knauf at <u>www.knauf.dk</u>
Usage conditions	
Maintenance	

### End of life (C1-C4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Collected separately	9.3	kg
Collected with mixed waste	0	kg
For reuse	0	kg
For recycling	8.7	kg
For energy recovery	0.6	kg
For final disposal	0	kg
Assumptions for scenario development	The gypsum part is assumed recycled and pape	er part incinerated

#### Re-use, recovery and recycling potential (D)

Scenario information/Materiel	Value	Unit
Gypsum	8.7	kg
Electric energy	1.2	MJ
Thermal energy	2.1	MJ





#### **Indoor air**

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to indoor air because the horizontal standards on measurement of release of regulated dangerous substances from construction products using harmonised test methods according to the provisions of the respective technical committees for European product standards are not available.

The board is covered by the Danish Indoor Climate Labelling, Certificates no. 007 and 008.

#### Soil and water

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on measurement of release of regulated dangerous substances from construction products using harmonised test methods according to the provisions of the respective technical committees for European product standards are not available.





## References

Publisher	Kepddanmark
Programme operator	Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk
LCA-practitioner	Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk
LCA software /background data	Thinkstep GaBi 10.6 Database version 2021.2 <u>www.gabi-software.com</u>
3 <sup>rd</sup> party verifier	Ninkie Bendtsen NIRAS A/S Sortemosevej 19 DK-3450 Allerød www.niras.dk

### General programme instructions

Version 2.0 www.epddanmark.dk

#### EN 15804

DS/EN 15804 + A2:2019 - "Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products"

### NPCR 010 version 3.0.

NPCR 010 version 3.0. "PCR - Part B for Building boards"

### EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 – " Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business"

### ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 – " Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

#### ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"

#### ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"