

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima



Program	operator:
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Declaration number:

Registration number:

Issue date:

Valid to:

Owner of declaration:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation **Product Category Rule:** NPCR 010:2022 Part B for building boards (v.4) NEPD-5164-4476-EN NEPD-5164-4476-EN 19.10.2023 (rev 17.07.2024) 19.10.2028

Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc







General information

Product name Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima (GU 9 Klima, GUE 9 Klima)

Program operator The Norwegian EPD Foundation, Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo Phone: +47 23 08 80 80 E-mail: post@epd-norge.no Web: www.epd-norge.no

Declaration number: NEPD-5164-4476-EN

ECO Platform reference number

Product Category Rules: Core PCR: EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 NPCR 010:2019 Part B for building boards

Statement of liability

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidence.

Declared unit 1 m² of manufactured plasterboard

Functional unit 1 m² of installed Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima with a reference service life of 60 years

Verification

Independent verification of calculation data, environmental data, and test of computer program was carried out by Martin Erlandsson.

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR. Independent verification of the declaration and data has been done according to ISO 14025:2010

VARIOTECHNOSON

Martin Erlandsson, IVL Independent verifier approved by EPD-Norge

 Owner of the declaration Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc

Contact person: Gravnås, Stian Phone: +47 908 84 762 E-mail: stian.gravnas@saint-gobain.com

Manufacturer: Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc

Place of production: Fredrikstad, Norway

Geographical use: Norway and other Nordic countries

Management system NS-EN ISO 9001, NS-EN ISO 14001, NS-EN ISO 45001, NS-EN ISO 50001

Organization number: NO 940 198 178

Issue date: 19.10.2023 (rev 17.07.2024)

Valid to: 19.10.2028

Year of study: 2023 + 2024

Comparability

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they don't comply with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and seen in a building context, see also EN 15942.

The EPD has been worked out by

Malin Dalborg (Saint-Gobain Nordic) and Saint-Gobain LCA central team using GaBi version 10.6

Malin Dalborg

Company-specific data has been verified by Simen Kandola and Malin Dalborg Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc

Approved by

Hakon Haum

Håkon Hauan Managing Director of EPD-Norge



Product information

Product description and description of use

This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD®) describes the environmental impacts of 1m² of installed gypsum board Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima with a weight of 7,2 kg/m².

Gyproc® Vindtett Klima is a sheathing plasterboard with an impregnated core and an impregnated surface to minimize the boards water absorption. The sheathing plasterboard is used in external wall constructions, and is airtight, moisture- and water repellent, diffusion open, and gives fire protection. The board is suitable as sheathing on outside of external constructions under permanent cladding. The plasterboards have straight paper lined long edges and short edges sawn straight.

Thickness: 9,5 mm Width : 1200 mm (GU 9 Klima) and 900 mm (GUE 9 Klima) For more information: www.gyproc.no/produkter/gyproc-vindtett-klima-gu-9-klima

To calculate the result for 1 kg of Gyproc® Vindtett Klima, divide the result with the weight of the plasterboard: 7,2 kg/m (conversion factor 1/7,2 = 0,139)

Technical data

Parameter	Value / Description
EN Classification	EH2-9,5 (EN 520:2004+A1:2009)
Reaction to fire	A2-s1, d0 (EN 15301-1:2002)
Water vapour resistance factor, μ	< 0,10 (EN 12572:2001)
Thermal conductivity	0,21 W/mK (EN 10456:2007)

Product specification

Product components	Value / Description
Weight of 1 m ² plasterboard	7,2 kg
Thickness	9,5 mm
Surfacing	Paper liner: 0,36 kg/m ²
Packaging material	Gypsum Culls: 0,019 kg/kg PE film: 0,001 kg/kg Paper label: 0,000008 kg/kg
Products used for installation	Screws*

*Screws are not included in the LCA according to the PCR Part B for building boards, hence not included in the result of this EPD.

Market

Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima is manufactured and sold in Norway. It can also be distributed to, and sold in, other countries like Sweden, Finland and Denmark.

Reference Service Life (RSL), product

60 years. When installed correct, the product is assumed to have at least the same RSL as the building.

Reference Service Life (RSL), building

60 years.



LCA calculation information

Parameter	Value / Description
Type of EPD	Cradle to grave and module D
Functional unit	1 m ² of installed board with a weight of 7,2 kg/m ² and an expected average service life of 60 years. Note that the declared product and therefor the functional unit do not include any upper surface material like paint or likewise and therefore not potentially add as part of maintenance (B2).
System boundaries	Cradle to grave + Module $D = A + B + C + D$
Cut-off rules	All raw materials and additives and all energy has been included. The following has been excluded: Flows related to human activities such as employee transport The construction of plants, production of machines and transportation systems
Allocations	Allocation criteria are based on mass. The polluter pays principle as well as the modularity principle have been followed.
Geographical coverage and time period	Scope: Norway Data is collected from one production site Fredrikstad located in Norway The EPD has been revised in July 2024 to consider 12 month data of production. The production data are based on data from June 2023 – May 2024
Data quality	The data was collected from the specific manufacturing site Fredrikstad, using measurements, internal records and reporting documents. The manufacturing process at Fredrikstad has been fully electrified since March 2023. The production data are based on data from June 2023 – May 2024 and the difference compare to the version of the EPD published in 2023 is less than 3% for GWP-fossil/GWP-GHG
Background data source	Databases GaBi 2022 and ecoinvent v.3.8
Software	GaBi 10.6
Product CPC code	37530, Articles of plaster or of composition based on plaster





The following stages and modules have been included for this product.

	PRODUCT CONSTRUC- STAGE TION STAGE					USE STAGE					END (of Lif	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY				
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction-Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

(X=included. MND=module not declared)

Life cycle stages





A1-A3, Product stage

A1, Raw materials supply

This module includes the extraction and transformation of raw materials and packaging.

A2, Transport to the manufacturer

This module includes the transportation (truck, boat and rail) of raw materials and packaging to the manufacturing site. Calculations have been based on specific distances provided by the logistic department.

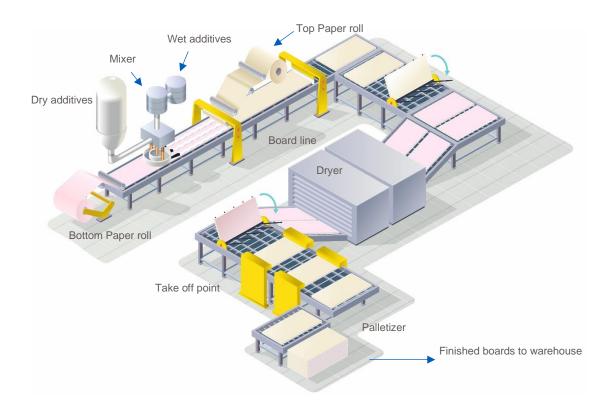
A3, Manufacturing

This module includes the manufacturing of products and the processing of any waste arising during the manufacturing process.

During the manufacturing process, 100% renewable electricity bought with Guarantee of Origin (GO) has been used. The amount of electricity purchases with GO's correspond to 100% of the electricity consumed at the manufacturing site, leaving 0% to be covered by Norwegian National grid mix.

Parameter	Consumption covered (%)	Value, GWP total	Description
Electricity mix (Go's)	100%	0,00621 kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh	100% Hydro power - Dataset Gabi EU-28: Electricity from hydro power and Guarantee of Origin certificate
Electricity mix (national mix)	0%	0,0329 kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh	Dataset Gabi NO: Electricity grid mix

Manufacturing process flow diagram





Manufacturing in detail:

The raw materials are homogenously mixed to form a gypsum slurry that is spread via multiple hose outlets onto a paper liner on a moving conveyor belt. A second paper liner is fed onto the production line from above to form the plasterboard. The plasterboard continues along the production line where it is finished, dried, and cut to size.

A4-A5, Construction process stage

A4, Transport to the building site

This module includes the transport from the manufacturing site to the building site. Transport is calculated based on a scenario with the parameters described in the following table.

Parameter	Value / Description
Fuel type and consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport e.g. long distance truck, boat, etc.	Freight truck, maximum load weight of 30 t, real load of 22 t and consumption of 0.38 liters per km
Distance	300 km
Capacity utilization (including empty returns)	56% (30% empty returns)
Bulk density of transported products*	758 kg/m ³
Volume capacity utilization factor	< 1

A5, Installation in the building

This module includes the installation materials and the management and processing of waste generated during the installation. The parameters are presented in the following table.

Parameter	Value / Description
Ancillary materials for installation (specified by materials)	None
Water used during installation	0 liters/m ²
Other resource use	None
Quantitative description of energy type (regional mix) and consumption during the installation process	0,0 MJ/m ² electricity
Scrap rate at installation	5% for plasterboard 100% for packaging
Wastage of materials on the building site before waste processing, generated by the product's installation (specified by type)	Plasterboard: 0,36 kg (100% recycling) Gypsum culls: 0,019 kg (100% landfill) PE film: 0,001 kg (50/50% incineration with/without recovery) Paper label: 0,000008 kg (50/50% incineration with/without recovery)
Output materials (specified by type) as results of waste processing at the building site e.g., of collection for recycling, for energy recovering, disposal (specified by route)	Plasterboard: 0,36 kg (100% recycling) PE film: 0,0005 kg (incineration w. recovery), 0,0005 kg (incineration no recovery) Paper label: 0,000004 kg (incineration w. recovery), 0,000004 kg (incineration no recovery) Gypsum culls: 0 kg (recycling), 0,019 kg (landfill)
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil, and water	None

The transport of packaging and product is modelled like transport in C2.



B1-B7, Use stage (excluding potential savings)

Description of the stage: The use stage is divided into the following modules:

- B1, Use
- B2, Maintenance
- B3, Repair
- B4, Replacement
- B5, Refurbishment
- B6, Operational energy use
- B7, Operational water use

The product has a reference service life of 60 years. It is assumed that the product will last in situ with no requirements for maintenance, repair, replacement, or refurbishment throughout this period. Therefore, it has no impact at this stage.

C1-C4, End of Life Stage

Description of the stage: This stage includes the following modules:

- C1, Deconstruction, demolition: The de-construction and/or dismantling of the product is considered part of the demolition of the entire building, but a small amount of energy has been located to the studied product.
- C2, Transport to waste processing
- C3, Waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling
- C4, Disposal, including provision and all transport, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use

Two End-of-life scenarios have been declared for the plasterboard and paper liner: 100% recycling and 100% landfill.

Parameter	Value / Description
Energy for de-construction/demolition	0,05 MJ/m ^{2.} The de-construction of the product is considered to be part of the demolition of the entire building
Collection process specified by type	 Plasterboard and paper liner: Scenario 1: 100% recycling Scenario 2: 100% landfill Both scenarios: Other deconstruction waste is 100% collected with mixed deconstruction and demolition waste for landfill
Recovery system specified by type	Scenario 1: 7,2 kg is recycled Scenario 2: 0 kg is recycled
Disposal specified by type	Scenario 1: 0 kg to landfill Scenario 2: 7,20 kg to landfill
Assumptions for scenario development (e.g. transportation)	Freight truck, maximum load weight of 27.9 t, real load of 24 t and consumption of 0.38 liters per km Distance to recycling facilities: 300 km Distance to landfill: 50 km Distance to incineration facilities: 50 km



D, Reuse/recovery/recycling potential

Module D considers the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary resulting from recycling and energy recovery processes.

Module D includes:

- the benefits and loads from the net flows of recycled gypsum and paper liner leaving the product system and substituting primary materials
- the benefits from the net flows of energy related to packaging sent to incineration with energy recovery and substituting steam and electricity production

LCA results

As specified in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and the Product-Category Rules, the environmental impacts are declared and reported using the baseline characterization factors from the ILCD EF 3.0. Specific data has been supplied by the plant, and generic data come from GaBi and ecoinvent databases.

All emissions to air, water, and soil, and all materials and energy used have been included.

The estimated impact results are only relative statements which do not indicate the end points of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins or risks.

All figures refer to a declared unit of 1m² of installed gypsum board Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima with a weight of 7,2 kg/m² and a useful life of 60 years. It has been manufactured in Fredrikstad, Norway.

Electricity

The main result presented is calculated with national electricity grid mix. An additional set of results based on GO's can be found in "Additional Information".

Transport to other countries

Information and conversion factors for transport to other countries can be found under "Additional Information".



Environmental Impacts - National electricity grid mix

		PRODUCT STAGE		RUCTION	USE STAGE						
Environmental indicators		A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use
	Climate Change (total) [kg $CO_2 eq.$] ^(a)	2,21E-01	1,33E-01	3,21E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO ₂ eq.]	8,56E-01	1,31E-01	8,78E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	-6,36E-01	1,68E-03	2,33E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO_2 eq.]	1,14E-03	7,34E-04	1,05E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\bigcirc	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	1,61E-08	7,89E-15	1,34E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	5,19E-03	1,65E-04	3,24E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	8,23E-05	3,93E-07	7,38E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	1,65E-03	5,97E-05	1,25E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,72E-02	6,96E-04	1,11E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	4,16E-03	1,46E-04	3,57E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(Pr	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.] ¹	6,35E-06	1,10E-08	3,41E-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ] ¹	2,14E+01	1,76E+00	1,25E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Water deprivation potential [m ³ world equiv.] ¹	4,97E-01	1,18E-03	2,80E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

^(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum of GWP fossil. GWP biogenic and GWP land use change



Environmental Impacts - National electricity grid mix

				100% recyc	ling		100% landfill							
			END OF LIF			REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING		REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING						
Environmental indicators		C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling			
	Climate Change (total) [kg CO ₂ eq.] ^(a)	2,98E-02	1,30E-01	7,13E-01	0,00E+00	2,40E-02	2,98E-02	2,17E-02	0,00E+00	1,01E-01	-3,28E-02			
	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO ₂ eq.]	2,98E-02	1,28E-01	5,54E-02	0,00E+00	2,36E-02	2,98E-02	2,13E-02	0,00E+00	4,15E-02	-4,03E-02			
	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO ₂ eq.]	4,04E-05	1,65E-03	6,57E-01	0,00E+00	3,46E-04	4,04E-05	2,74E-04	0,00E+00	9,68E-01	6,24E-03			
	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO_2 eq.]	3,15E-06	7,20E-04	9,68E-05	0,00E+00	6,39E-05	3,15E-06	1,20E-04	0,00E+00	5,04E-05	1,26E-03			
	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	6,37E-09	7,74E-15	1,04E-08	0,00E+00	2,96E-10	6,37E-09	1,29E-15	0,00E+00	1,46E-08	2,06E-08			
6	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	3,10E-04	1,59E-04	3,55E-04	0,00E+00	1,31E-04	3,10E-04	2,65E-05	0,00E+00	3,78E-04	8,98E-04			
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	9,23E-07	3,86E-07	6,29E-06	0,00E+00	7,46E-06	9,23E-07	6,43E-08	0,00E+00	3,31E-06	1,92E-04			
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	1,37E-04	5,73E-05	1,32E-04	0,00E+00	4,36E-05	1,37E-04	9,55E-06	0,00E+00	1,28E-04	3,30E-04			
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,50E-03	6,69E-04	1,35E-03	0,00E+00	3,76E-04	1,50E-03	1,11E-04	0,00E+00	1,40E-03	2,03E-03			
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	4,13E-04	1,41E-04	4,07E-04	0,00E+00	1,15E-04	4,13E-04	2,34E-05	0,00E+00	5,18E-04	6,66E-04			
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.] ²	1,53E-08	1,08E-08	3,44E-07	0,00E+00	5,78E-08	1,53E-08	1,80E-09	0,00E+00	8,27E-08	1,10E-06			
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ] ¹	4,07E-01	1,73E+00	8,51E-01	0,00E+00	4,46E-01	4,07E-01	2,88E-01	0,00E+00	1,08E+00	1,85E-01			
Ø	Water deprivation potential [m ³ world equiv.] ¹	1,00E-03	1,16E-03	1,76E-02	0,00E+00	1,10E-02	1,00E-03	1,93E-04	0,00E+00	4,69E-02	1,38E-01			

² Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator ^(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum of GWP fossil. GWP biogenic and GWP land use change



Resources Use - National electricity grid mix

	PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION USE STAGE USE STAGE									
Resources Use indicators	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use
Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	3,06E+01	1,00E-01	1,54E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ] *	6,24E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ]	3,68E+01	1,00E-01	1,54E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	2,12E+01	1,76E+00	1,25E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ] *	5,56E-01	0	-1,30E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	2,17E+01	1,76E+00	1,12E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	1,12E+00	0	5,70E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	1,154E-24	0	5,883E- 26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	1,355E-23	0	6,911E- 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of net fresh water (FW) [m ³]	4,72E-02	1,13E-04	2,46E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* For this study, both the product and its packaging are reported in the indicators "Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM") and "Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM"). PERM and PENRM are reported as negative values when materials are recycled or recovered, but not when landfilled.



Resources Use - National electricity grid mix

			1	00% recyclin	g		100% landfill						
			END OF LIF	E STAGE		REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING			REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING				
R	Resources Use indicators		C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling		
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	2,30E-03	9,81E-02	1,04E-01	0,00E+00	1,78E-01	2,30E-03	1,64E-02	0	1,81E-02	1,37E+00		
*	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ] *	0	0	-5,92E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
*	Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ]	2,30E-03	9,81E-02	-5,82E+00	0,00E+00	1,78E-01	2,30E-03	1,64E-02	0	1,81E-02	1,37E+00		
0	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	4,07E-01	1,73E+00	8,51E-01	0,00E+00	4,47E-01	4,07E-01	2,88E-01	0	1,08E+00	1,83E-01		
0	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ] *	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	4,07E-01	1,73E+00	8,50E-01	0,00E+00	4,47E-01	4,07E-01	2,88E-01	0	1,08E+00	1,85E-01		
	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
} *	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m ³]	2,33E-05	1,11E-04	4,10E-04	0,00E+00	1,70E-04	2,33E-05	1,85E-05	0	1,10E-03	-1,20E-04		

* For this study, both the product and its packaging are reported in the indicators "Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM") and "Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM"). PERM and PENRM are reported as negative values when materials are recycled or recovered, but not when landfilled.



Waste Category & Output flows - National electricity grid mix

	PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTR ST/		USE STAGE							
Waste Category & Output Flows	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	8,02E-06	8,45E-12	5,10E-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	3,23E-01	2,53E-04	1,29E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	4,31E-04	2,17E-06	1,20E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	1,96E-02	0	3,61E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	2,47E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	4,39E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	



Waste Category & Output flows - National electricity grid mix

			1	00% recyclin	g		100% landfill					
			END OF LIF			REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING			REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING			
Wast	e Category & Output Flows	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,12E-06	8,29E-12	2,03E-06	0,00E+00	6,99E-08	1,12E-06	1,38E-12	0	1,52E-06	3,25E-06	
Ø	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,34E-03	2,48E-04	4,74E-02	0,00E+00	7,96E-05	2,34E-03	4,13E-05	0	7,21E+00	8,01E-02	
Ū	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,82E-06	2,13E-06	5,88E-06	0,00E+00	6,74E-05	2,82E-06	3,55E-07	0	7,41E-06	-6,68E-05	
	Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	0	0	7,20E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	



Information on biogenic carbon content

Biog	enic Carbon Content at factory gate	Value (express per FU)					
	Biogenic carbon content in product [kg]	1,76E-01					
9	Biogenic carbon content in packaging [kg]	2,45E-05					

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO₂.

The biogenic carbon content in product mainly comes from maize starch, dextrose and paper liner.

The biogenic carbon content in the packaging is very low, and it mainly comes from the paper label.



Additional Norwegian requirements

Electricity information

The table below presents the information for the physical national grid mix:

Type of information	Description
Location	Electricity purchased by Saint-Gobain Construction Products Norway.
Share of electricity covered by Guarantee of Origin	0% of the energy consumption is covered by the GO
Energy sources for electricity	Share of energy sources: Hydro 95,19% Wind 2,64% Natural gas 1,76% Waste 0,23% Hard coal 0,12% Fuel oil 0,02% Biomass 0,01%
Type of dataset	Cradle to gate from Gabi and ecoinvent databases
Source	Dataset Gabi NO: Electricity grid mix
CO ₂ emission kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh	0,0329 kg of CO ₂ eq/kWh - Climate Change - total indicator

The table below presents the information for the renewable electricity based on Guarantee of Origin certificates (GOs):

Type of information	Description
Location	Electricity purchased by Saint-Gobain Construction Products Norway.
Share of electricity covered by Guarantee of Origin	100% of the energy consumption is covered by the GO
Energy sources for electricity	Share of energy sources: 100% Hydro power
Type of dataset	Cradle to gate from Gabi and ecoinvent databases
Source	Dataset Gabi EU-28: Electricity from hydro power
CO ₂ emission kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh	0,00621 kg of CO2 eq/kWh - Climate Change - total indicator



Additional impact indicator (GWP-IOBC / GWP-GHG)

	PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTR ST/		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING		
Indicators	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling		
			W	ith N	Vatio	onal	Elec	ctric	ity C	Grid	Mix						
				100% recycling						ling							
GWP-IOBC* / GWP-GHG*	8,60E-01	1,32E-01	3,59E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	2,98E-02 1,29E-01 6,65E-02 0,00E+00 2,40E						
[kg CO ₂ eq.]	0,00E-01	1,322-01	3,39E-01		0	0	0	0	0	0			100% landfi	1			
[9 0 02 0 4.]					_						2,98E-02	2,15E-02	0	4,50E-01	-3,28E-02		
With Electricity purchased with Guarantee of Origin																	
										100% recycling							
											0	0					
GWP-IOBC* /	7 225 01	1 325 01	2.66E.01		0	0	0	0	0	0	2,98E-02	1,29E-01	6,65E-02	0,00E+00	2,40E-02		
GWP-IOBC* / GWP-GHG* [kg CO ₂ eq.]	7,32E-01	1,32E-01	3,66E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,98E-02	-	6,65E-02 1 00% landf il	-) 2,40E-02		

*The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product.

Hazardous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list.

Indoor environment

Gyproc[®] Vindtett Klima has no label.

Carbon footprint

The GWP-IOBC value can be found on page 17.

Additional Information

Transport to other countries

The results of stage A4 presented in the tables above refers to Norway. As the product is exported to other countries, conversion factors for each country have been provided. To get the impact for transport to these countries, the A4 figures shall be multiplied with the relevant factor.

Country	Transport and distance	Factor
Norway	Truck (300 km)	1,0
Denmark	Truck (600 km)	2,0
Finland	Truck (800 km), Ship (400 km)	2,9
Sweden	Truck (500 km)	1,7



Environmental Impacts – 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

		PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTR STA		USE STAGE						
E	invironmental indicators	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use
	Climate Change (total) [kg CO ₂ eq.] ^(a)	9,28E-02	1,33E-01	3,15E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,28E-01	1,31E-01	8,12E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	-6,36E-01	1,68E-03	2,33E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO_2 eq.]	1,13E-03	7,34E-04	1,05E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\bigcirc	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	1,61E-08	7,89E-15	1,34E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	5,10E-03	1,65E-04	3,19E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	8,20E-05	3,93E-07	7,36E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	1,62E-03	5,97E-05	1,24E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,69E-02	6,96E-04	1,10E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	4,08E-03	1,46E-04	3,53E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.] 3	6,35E-06	1,10E-08	3,41E-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ] ¹	1,96E+01	1,76E+00	1,16E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Water deprivation potential [m ³ world equiv.] ¹	6,28E-01	1,18E-03	3,47E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

³ Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

^(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum of GWP fossil. GWP biogenic and GWP land use change



Environmental Impacts – 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

				100% recyc	ling		100% landfill						
			END OF LIF	E STAGE		REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING			REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING				
Env	Environmental indicators		C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling		
	Climate Change (total) [kg CO ₂ eq.] ^(a)	2,98E-02	1,30E-01	7,13E-01	0,00E+00	2,40E-02	2,98E-02	2,17E-02	0,00E+00	1,01E-01	-3,28E-02		
	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO ₂ eq.]	2,98E-02	1,28E-01	5,54E-02	0,00E+00	2,36E-02	2,98E-02	2,13E-02	0,00E+00	4,15E-02	-4,03E-02		
	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO ₂ eq.]	4,04E-05	1,65E-03	6,57E-01	0,00E+00	3,46E-04	4,04E-05	2,74E-04	0,00E+00	9,68E-01	6,24E-03		
	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO_2 eq.]	3,15E-06	7,20E-04	9,68E-05	0,00E+00	6,39E-05	3,15E-06	1,20E-04	0,00E+00	5,04E-05	1,26E-03		
\bigcirc	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	6,37E-09	7,74E-15	1,04E-08	0,00E+00	2,96E-10	6,37E-09	1,29E-15	0,00E+00	1,46E-08	2,06E-08		
65	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	3,10E-04	1,59E-04	3,55E-04	0,00E+00	1,31E-04	3,10E-04	2,65E-05	0,00E+00	3,78E-04	8,98E-04		
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	9,23E-07	3,86E-07	6,29E-06	0,00E+00	7,46E-06	9,23E-07	6,43E-08	0,00E+00	3,31E-06	1,92E-04		
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	1,37E-04	5,73E-05	1,32E-04	0,00E+00	4,36E-05	1,37E-04	9,55E-06	0,00E+00	1,28E-04	3,30E-04		
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,50E-03	6,69E-04	1,35E-03	0,00E+00	3,76E-04	1,50E-03	1,11E-04	0,00E+00	1,40E-03	2,03E-03		
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	4,13E-04	1,41E-04	4,07E-04	0,00E+00	1,15E-04	4,13E-04	2,34E-05	0,00E+00	5,18E-04	6,66E-04		
	Resource use, mineral and metals $[kg Sb eq.]^4$	1,53E-08	1,08E-08	3,44E-07	0,00E+00	5,78E-08	1,53E-08	1,80E-09	0,00E+00	8,27E-08	1,10E-06		
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ] ¹	4,07E-01	1,73E+00	8,51E-01	0,00E+00	4,46E-01	4,07E-01	2,88E-01	0,00E+00	1,08E+00	1,85E-01		
Ø	Water deprivation potential [m ³ world equiv.] ¹	1,00E-03	1,16E-03	1,76E-02	0,00E+00	1,10E-02	1,00E-03	1,93E-04	0,00E+00	4,69E-02	1,38E-01		

^(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum of GWP fossil. GWP biogenic and GWP land use change



⁴ Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

Resources Use – 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

	PRODUCT STAGE						USE STAGE	I		
Resources Use indicators	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use
Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	2,93E+01	1,00E-01	1,47E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ] *	6,24E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ]	3,55E+01	1,00E-01	1,47E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	1,94E+01	1,76E+00	1,15E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ] *	5,56E-01	0	-1,30E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	2,00E+01	1,76E+00	1,02E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	1,12E+00	0	5,70E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	1,15E-24	0	5,88E-26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	1,36E-23	0	6,91E-25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of net fresh water (FW) [m ³]	1,79E-02	1,13E-04	9,66E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* For this study, both the product and its packaging are reported in the indicators "Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM") and "Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM"). PERM and PENRM are reported as negative values when materials are recycled or recovered, but not when landfilled.



Resources Use – 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

			1	00% recyclin	g		100% landfill						
			END OF LIF	E STAGE		REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING			REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING				
R	Resources Use indicators		C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling		
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	2,30E-03	9,81E-02	1,04E-01	0,00E+00	1,78E-01	2,30E-03	1,64E-02	0	1,81E-02	1,37E+00		
*	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ] *	0	0	-5,92E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
*	Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ]	2,30E-03	9,81E-02	-5,82E+00	0,00E+00	1,78E-01	2,30E-03	1,64E-02	0	1,81E-02	1,37E+00		
0	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	4,07E-01	1,73E+00	8,51E-01	0,00E+00	4,47E-01	4,07E-01	2,88E-01	0	1,08E+00	1,83E-01		
0	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ] *	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	4,07E-01	1,73E+00	8,50E-01	0,00E+00	4,47E-01	4,07E-01	2,88E-01	0	1,08E+00	1,85E-01		
	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
} *	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m ³]	2,33E-05	1,11E-04	4,10E-04	0,00E+00	1,70E-04	2,33E-05	1,85E-05	0	1,10E-03	-1,20E-04		

* For this study, both the product and its packaging are reported in the indicators "Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM") and "Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM"). PERM and PENRM are reported as negative values when materials are recycled or recovered, but not when landfilled.



Waste Category & Output flows - 100% renewable electricity with GO's

	PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTRUCTION STAGE		USE STAGE						
Waste Category & Output Flows	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	8,02E-06	8,45E-12	5,10E-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	3,19E-01	2,53E-04	1,29E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	1,20E-04	2,17E-06	-3,89E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	1,96E-02	0	3,61E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	2,47E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	4,39E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Waste Category & Output flows - 100% renewable electricity with GO's

		100% recycling					100% landfill					
		END OF LIFE STAGE REC				REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING	END OF LIFE STAGE				REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING	
Wast	e Category & Output Flows	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling	
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,12E-06	8,29E-12	2,03E-06	0,00E+00	6,99E-08	1,12E-06	1,38E-12	0	1,52E-06	1,12E-06	
Ī	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,34E-03	2,48E-04	4,74E-02	0,00E+00	7,96E-05	2,34E-03	4,13E-05	0	7,21E+00	2,34E-03	
Ū	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,82E-06	2,13E-06	5,88E-06	0,00E+00	6,74E-05	2,82E-06	3,55E-07	0	7,41E-06	2,82E-06	
	Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	0	0	7,20E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	



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and norway	Program operator and publisher	Phone: +47 23 08 80 00			
C epd-norway	The Norwegian EPD foundation	E-mail: post@epd-norge.no			
Global Program Operator	Postbox 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway	Web: www.epd-norge.no			
	Owner of the declaration	Phone: +47 908 84 762			
	Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc	E-mail: stian.gravnas@saint-			
	Habornveien 59, 1630 Gamle Fredrikstad,	gobain.com			
SAINT-GOBAIN	Norway	Web: www.gyproc.no			
	Author of the Life Cycle Assessment	Phone: +33 07 88 98 17 54			
	Sandra Pérez Jimenez	E-mail: Sandra.perez-Jimenez@saint-			
SAINT-GOBAIN	Saint-Gobain, Central marketing and	gobain.com			
SAINT-GOBAIN	development	Web: www.saint-gobain.com			
ECO PLATFORM		E-mail: info@eco-platform.org			
	ECO Platform	Web: www.eco-platform.org			
VERIFIED	ECO Portal	Portal for digitale data:			
		www.eco-platform.org/epd-data.html			

